THE DIGVIJAY
INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED
1948—Highlights

New Business Received	Rs. 87,43,500
Business Paid-for	Rs. 33,15,000
Total Assets exceed	Rs. 14,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 6,50,000

We invite you to join our
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BOMBAY.

Regd. No. B. 1665

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXX VII NO. 253 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

"GODDESS SLEEP FAVOURED ME"

For the last few years I was bald headed. I was also suffering from sleeplessness. I used constantly many Indian and Foreign Oils, but to no purpose, and yet I was much harassed over constant sleeplessness. Suddenly one day I began to use "RAMTIRTHA BRAHMI OIL" (Special No. 1) prepared by Ramtirtha Yogashram, Bombay 4 and Lo! within a few days Goddess Sleep favoured me abundantly. Besides, hair began to grow profusely. Today, I can say with pride, RAMTIRTHA BRAHMI OIL has proved much useful to me in every respect & My constant sleeplessness has run away for good.

N. DUTT NAYAK, Mangalore.
Vice President: Canara Vessel Broker's Association.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

MEDIATION IN KASHMIR ONLY SOLUTION, SAYS NEHRU

Pakistan's Warlike Mood Slashed

LET HER TROOPS QUIT

Tells Press He'll Go To Moscow If Stalin Calls

OTTAWA, Oct. 24. (PTI-Reuter.)

IN the frankest and most comprehensive talk of the tour, Indian Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru told a news conference today that it was beginning to appear that mediation would be the only hope of solution of the Kashmir problem.

Pandit Nehru said that India had asked Pakistan to agree that under no conditions would the issue be settled by resort to arms. The only answer was steady incitements to a "holy war" in the Pakistan Press. "We are not going to tolerate this," Pandit Nehru said. "It will upset all India—we do not know where it will lead."

The Prime Minister accused Pakistan of "making a continual appeal to the grossest type of religious bigotry" to Kashmir's Muslims, and maintained that "Pakistan's armies have no business to be there". Pakistan had committed aggression and "once aggression pays, the next step is taken," Pandit Nehru declared.

Other major points discussed during the conference:— If Marshal Stalin invited him to visit Moscow, he probably would go.

He would like a million tons of wheat from North America.

Recognition of the Chinese Communist Government was a question which must be considered in the historical context of an agrarian revolution.

He would not agree to whittling down of Britain's sterling debt to India. "Am I going to be generous (to Britain) at the expense of my own impoverished people"?

Pandit Nehru said that it was not the policy of India to align herself with any bloc of nations. "It is our aim to keep friendly contacts with everybody. Naturally, we are bound to be closer to some nations than to others—for example, we consult with the other nations of the Commonwealth, but our foreign policy is completely independent."

He made these statements when commenting on aligations in the Soviet press that he had committed India more firmly to the American bloc.

He said he hoped for three main things from his visit to the United States and Canada.

"First, we would like one million tons of wheat to hold as a reserve to enable us to control the wheat crisis in India.

"Second, we want technical assistance.

"Third, we want financial terms, that is, we can afford for our purchases in dollar countries and we want to encourage private capital to be invested in India."

NO EMIGRATION

The Prime Minister added he was not interested in promoting the emigration of Indians from India. He said: "India is actually under-populated, compared with some parts of Europe. We do not want our people to leave. What we want to do is in-

(Continued on page 7, col. 1)

99 MONTHS IN JAIL

OTTAWA, Oct. 24 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

A REPORTER asked Prime Minister Pandit Nehru today how long he spent, all told, in gaol during the fight for Indian independence.

"It's not very easy to be concise," he smiled to a press-conference. "It's confused."

But he had seen a thesis by an American student who had decided the time amounted to eight and a quarter years.

"Do you accept that figure?" someone asked. Pandit Nehru smiled affirmatively.

INDIA STOOPS NOT TO DOMINATE

Nehru's Assertion In Canadian Parliament

OTTAWA, Oct. 24 (PTI-Reuter).

PANDIT NEHRU in an address to both Houses of the Canadian Parliament said today that India desired no leadership or Dominion or authority over any other country.

He added: "But we are compelled by circumstances to play for part in Asia and in the world, because we are convinced that unless these basic problems of Asia are solved, there can be no world peace.

"India's championship of freedom and racial equality in Asia, as well as in Africa, is the natural urge of the facts of geography and history."

Pandit Nehru said that India's past co-operation within the Commonwealth would not cease or alter when she became a Republic.

"On the contrary", he said, "it will have the greatest strength that common endeavour derives from a sense that it is inspired and sustained by the free will of free peoples.

"I am convinced that this development in the history of the Commonwealth, without parallel elsewhere or at any other time, is a significant step toward peace and co-operation in the world."

"It is an outstanding example of the peaceful solution of difficult problems and a solution which is a real one, because it does not lead to other problems. The rest of the world might

(Continued on page 7, col. 7)

STATESMEN AT TEA

Pandit Nehru was entertained by U.N. Secretary-General Trygve Lie in his Forest Hills home. With them were Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky and Brog.-Gen. Carlos Romulo, U. N. General Assembly President, (Keystone).

BIRTH OF A REPUBLIC

Special Session Of Assembly

NEW DELHI, Oct. 24 (U.P.I.).

A SHORT special session of the Constituent Assembly will be necessary, it is being felt in authoritative quarters, even after the third reading of the Constitution is over, to go through some very important formalities immediately before the birth of the Sovereign Democratic Republic of India on January 26, 1950. This special session, which will most probably be a one-day session, is likely to be convened on January 25, next.

According to present indications, the principal business of the special session will consist of: "(1) Election of the provisional President of the Indian Republic and (2) signature by members of the Constituent Assembly, who are the real architects of the new republican superstructure for India after the exit of the imperialist rulers, on a specially-printed volume containing the new Constitution in its entirety which is meant to be preserved in the National Museum.

After these two items are disposed of in the course of the day, the special session might adjourn to meet shortly before the midnight for a spectacular but solemn and impressive function to herald the advent of India's new status as a Republic.

SIGNING

It is further learnt that when the special session meets, the President of the Constituent Assembly will at first authenticate the adoption of all the articles of the constitution by the House together with all the Schedules and the Preamble, and then put his own signature thereto before calling upon each member of the House to append his or her respective signature on the last pages of the book. It is gathered that just after the President, will come the signature of Pandit Nehru. Thereafter Sardar Patel and Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Chairman of the Drafting Committee who pilotes the draft constitution, will be given precedence over other members in signing. Then, all other members of the Constituent Assembly will be called, in alphabetical order, by the President to sign the document.

The most interesting event in this connection will be the presentation by the President to each member of the House of a photostatic copy of the portion of the documents containing the signatures of all members of the House.

Similar photostatic copies will, it is understood, also be sent to Indian Embassies in different countries of the world to be preserved and exhibited in the libraries attached to them.

ANOTHER LOAN TO INDIA

25 M. Dollars.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24, (PTI-Reuter).

THE International Bank for Reconstruction and Development is considering a loan of twenty-five million dollars to India, its President Mr. Eugene Black, announced.

He added that the loan would be for construction of a power house in the Damodar Valley and asserted that loans to India "are a risk worth taking".

Mr. Black made the announcement at the annual meeting of the Savings Bank Association of the State of New York which is being held aboard the Dutch liner "Nieuw Amsterdam" on a five-day cruise to Nassau.

India has received within the last two months two loans totalling 44 million dollars from the International Bank.

Mr. Black detailed the steps and preliminary investigation leading to those loans, and the continuing supervision given to the projects financed.

The International Bank, he said, tried to help borrowing countries with advice as much as it did with money.

He told the meeting that New York savings banks hold more than one-third of the International Bank's outstanding obligations.

The Madras Government has banned smoking in cinema and other theatres in Madras City. For the present, however, it has been decided to prohibit smoking at matinee performances only.

REFUGEE FAST IN PAKISTAN CAMPS

India Protests In Vain

SYMPATHETIC STRIKE LEADS TO SERIOUS SITUATION

NEW DELHI, Oct. 24, (PTI):

OFFICIAL circles in Delhi today expressed anxiety about the condition of non-Muslim Kashmir refugees in refugee camps in Lahore, numbering about 500 who have been on a hunger-strike since October 20.

The hunger-strike, it is understood in New Delhi, has been resorted to as a "protest against their continued detention by Pakistan" which has been the subject matter of a bitter inter—dominion controversy. It was also learned that the refugees had given Pakistan Government advance information of their resolve "to fast unto death" if their request to be repatriated to India atan early date was not acceded to.

NO REPLY

No reply has yet been received from the Pakistan Government to a protest lodged by the Governmentt of India.

It is learnt that in sympathy with their brother refugees in Lahore, Kashmiris in refugee camps in other places in Pakistan and "Azad Kashmir" territories—as well as non-Muslim Kashmir refugees in India—have gone on a hunger strike with effect from Thursday, October 20. According to official reports received in Delhi, the situation in all these camps is very "acute and explosive."

Mr. Gapalaswami Ayyangar, Minister for Trasport, who has been in charge of inter-dominion affairs relating to refugees and rehabilitation, it is stated, had earlier suggested a inter-

(Continued on page 7, col. 4)

New Era Of Austerity Ushered In In Britain

ATTLEE CRIES HALT TO INFLATION

LONDON, Oct. 24, (PTI-Reuter):

THE British Prime Minister Mr. Clement Attlee announcing in Parliament today austerity cuts totalling £ 280,000,000, lopped off: £30,000,000 from the defence bill, £ 35,000,000 from housing expenditure and announced a £ 10,000,000 saving on the national health plan by the imposition of a charge for prescriptions, hitherto free.

In a crowded, tense House,, The Prime Minister said prices of some less essential foods would go up. These would include dried and frozen eggs and raisons.

At the end of the winter, price control of fish would be removed and the present subsidy eliminated. In February the susidy on animal feeding stuffs, now running at the rate of £ 36,000,000 annually would be abolished.

About the dollar import programme, Mr. Attlee said the Government had settled a new programme at a reduced figure of 1,200,000,000 dollars a year —a cut of 25 percent on the 1,600,000,000—dollar programme running before July.

Mr. Attlee was referring to the cuts on dollar purchases already announced by Chancellor of the Exchequer Sir Stafford Cripps.

(This is not a ney cut, although the wording used by Mr. Attlee gave some listerners the impression that it was).

The public galleries were packed with tense, expectant faces as the Premier rose to announce the measures necessary to make devaluation of the pound sterling succed and halt the advance of inflation

Mr. Attlee said that the Government had decided on reduction of expenditure that together with the increase of Profit Tax announced recently by Sir Stafford Cripps, should produce well over £ 100,000,000 for the next year's budget.

It was proposed to reduce the cost of education by £ 5,000,000.

The preliminary estimate of State expenditure on agriculture next year would be reduced by about £ 6,000,000.

SUPPLY ESTIMATES

Ministry of Supply estimates would also be cut by about £ 6,000,000 Mr. Attlee said.

One million pounds sterling would be lopped from the estimated cost of the 1951 festivcl of Britain, and certain parts of the proposed free legal aid scheme would be deferred.

Mr. Attlee anouncing that a charge of not more than one shilling for each prescription for medicines would be made in future under the hitherto free National Health Service. This would save about £ 10,000,000. Old age pensioners would not pay the charge. Price of raisons and dried and frozen eggs would be increase.

He said the Government forecast of future defence expenditure would be announced later.

Dealings in tin are to be resumed on the London Metal Exchange on Tuesday, November 15, Mr. George Strauss, Minister of Supply, announced in Parliament today.

BOMBAY'S HOMAGE TO FOUR DEPARTED PATRIOTS

BOMBAY, Monday.

WE can best honour the great departed men and express our sense of appreciation for all they achieved by imbibing the qualities which they possessed and which enabled them to achieve greatness," said Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, while paying tributes to the late Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Editor of "The Bombay Chronicle", Mr. B. G. Horniman, former Editor of "The Bombay Sentinel", Mr. K. P. Khadilkar, former Editor of "Navakal" and Mr. K. F. Nariman.

The Premier who was presiding over a meeting called by the Sheriff of Bombay to mourn the death of the three eminent editors and Mr. Nariman at the Sundrabai Hall this evening continuing said that their memory would serve as an inspiration for Indian youth and for future generation of the country.

Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and Mayor of Bombay proposed a condolence resolution which was seconded and supported among others by Mr. Joachim Alva, Mr. M. R. Masani, Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Mr. M. N. Camu and Prof. N. R. Phatak. The resolution was passed, all standing.

The resolution said that Messrs. Brelvi, Horniman, Nariman and Khadilkar were great patriots who made many sacrifices and rendered gallant service in the cause of the nation at a crucial period in its history.

Paying his tributes to Mr. Brelvi the Premier said:

"We have gathered together here today to pay our tribute of respect to the memory of four distinguished citizens, with a long record of valuable service, Messrs. Khadilkar, Nariman, Horniman and Brelvi and thus discharge the debt of gratitude we owe to them. The Bombay Sheriff's meeting called today is certainly a measure of the great esteem in which the departed, distinguished citizens continue to be held by a grateful public whom they served with such admirable devotion. Their greatness lives and survives in what they achieved in the various spheres of human endeavour by the fullest exercise of their keen intelligence, patriotic sentiment, and high sense of public duty. A great man's actions survive his physical death and constitute perhaps the best and most permanent form of memorial

"Speaking about these distinguished gentlemen individually, I may say that Krishnaji Prabhakar or, as he was better known, Kakasaheb Khadilkar, occupied a unique position and inspired a certain amount of awe and respect because he had spent the best years of his youth as an active colleague of the late Lokmanya Tilak and had been one of the very few men in Maharashtra who had been privileged to share in the work bravely carried on by that great pioneer of nationalism, under bitter opposition and at the risk of great unpopularity.

HIS MISSION

"Khadilkar's journalism, like that of his equally illustrious contemporaries, was a mission in his life of national service. After Lokmanya's death, he started his own paper and laid the foundation of the best traditions of Marathi journalism. Gifted with a powerful pen, he wrote for the common man and expounded difficult problems and ideas from international politics to Upanishadic philosophy with incomparable simplicity. His wartime articles were eagerly awaited and deeply appreciated. His genius was

(Continued on page 7, col. 6)

STIMULUS TO CO-OP. MOVEMENT IN ASIA

F. A. O. Technical Conference Meets In Lucknow

LUCKNOW, Oct. 24 (PTI).

THE eleven-day technical conference on co-operatives in Asia and the Far East, sponsored by the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations—the first of its kind ever held—was inaugurated today by the U.P. Governor, Sir Homy Mody, in the durbar hall of Goverament House, Lucknow

Forty co-operative experts from seven countries—India, U.K., Australia, Pakistan, France, Ceylon, and Thailand—besides observers from Japan, which is not a member of the F.A.O. and international organisations like the I.L.O. Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East and International Federation of Agriculture Producers, were present.

THEME OF SESSION

The main purpose of the conference, as its Secretary-General Dr. Horace Belshaw, explained in his broadcast last night, is "to stimulate and provide guidance to the development of sound co-operative movements in Asia and the Far East."

The Conference is also expected to recommend "first, as to what member Governments themselves might do in order to strengthen and develop their co-operative movements, secondly, to indicate ways in which member Governments throughout the region may be of mutual assistance in the furtherance of this objective and, thirdly, to draw attention to methods by which F.A.O. and other international organisations may more effectively participate in assisting member Governments in this task."

The Indian Delegation, the largest, was led by Bombay's Finance Minister, Mr. V. L. Mehta. The United Kingdom delegation was headed by

(Continued on page 7, col. 3.)

80 CRORES LESS FOR DEVELOPMENT

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, Oct. 24.

Officiating Prime Minister Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has announced his award on the Development Budget for 1950-51, cutting down Rs 80 crores.

The Ministries had demanded Rs. 210 crores for next year's programme, while the Finance Ministry wanted them to reduce it to Rs. 100 crores.

Sardar Patel has allowed them to spend Rs. 130 crores during the next financial year. This excludes the Commerce Ministry's proposal for a Shipping Corporation, negotiations for which are expected to be concluded during this week.

As for a shipping yard the award faces the Ministry of Industry with two alternatives, namely, either to have a shipping yard or a machine tool factory.

The award has also excluded the proposed scheme for steel plants in Central Provinces or Orissa, the idea being to develop them though private enterprise.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax

@ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a beautiful, cultured young girl of teens, for an educated Hindu gentleman of 25 years. No caste restrictions. Correspondence strictly confidential. Apply with latest Photo to Box No. 1281 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a Mechanic. Salary scale Rs. 52-3-85-4-125-5-130. Must have at least 5 years experience in a recognised Mech. Eng. Workshop as Turner and Fitter. D. A. admissible under rules. Apply to Principal and Secretary, V. J. Technical Institute, Matunga, Bombay 19, before 3rd November, 1949. 6108

M. T. B. College, Surat: Applications stating age, qualifications, experience and the minimum salary are invited for the post of a Demonstrator in Biology and should reach the Principal latest by 25th October. 6010

Wanted—for the Rajkumar College, Raipur, C. P. (a) A qualified resident nurse. Grade Rs. 120—10—200 plus 17½ per cent. D.A., Provident Fund and free furnished quarters. (b) A qualified compounder. Pay according to qualifications. Apply at once to Principal. 6033

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions— Davar's College of Commerce— Enrol immediately for Professional Diploma Courses for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers Accountancy* Specialisation and General Commerce. Tuition personal or Postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (1282)

Homoeopathy—Best Correspond-ence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara Travancore.

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for securing orders of our high grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars, National Calendar Mfg. Company—Howrah. 5115

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Assorted sizes of Milton Clock-springs are now available from stock at competitive prices with attractive trade discounts. Enquiries solicited. Morgan Milton, Ltd., Wavell House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 1237

Shop at Decora for Italian and American tapestry fabrics, plain and printed everglaze American Chintz. Czech cut and painted glassware etc., etc.. 97A Queen's Road Bombay 1. (6778)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

SALE OF TUG "ROBIN" AND BARGES

I. TUG "ROBIN" built in 1919 completely overhauled by American Navy, length 188'-7", Beam 35'-6", Depth 17'-3", Draft 11'-0", displacement tonnage 950 tons, welded steel hull, speed approximately 14 knots, Engine 1400 H. P. Triple expansion at 145 RPM with 180 lbs steam pressure, Boilers two, 2 oil burning—water tube boilers, oil fired with 4000 square feet of heating surface producing 200 lbs. working pressure, Fuel consumption 12 tons per day with tow, 84 bbls at 10 knots per day without tow, fuel capacity 2100 barrels, fully equipped with auxiliary engines and pumps, Condenser cooling service and cold starting emergency pumps, navigational equipment including a Sperry gyroscope, standard magnetic compass, submarine signal fathometer, gun-mountings, armoured bridge, magazine, machanic shop with electric lathe, Electric generator frigidairs, and wireless transmission and receiving set Accommodation for 50 crew.

II. BARGES—Steel—American specification 348-B-Length 104" Beam 29', Depth 8', construction—all steel welded and bolted. Huil—fabricated sectional steel barge with square raked bow and stern designed to carry gasoline or dry cargo is divided into 8 compartments by one longitudinal and three transverse bulkheads. Four centre compartments each measuring 41'-6" in length provides cargo space. Complete with hand operated pump. Three are completely assembled and nine unassembled.

These crafts can be inspected at Okha upon application to the Port Officer, Okha who will supply further details.

Interested buyers should send their sealed offers to the Secretary, Revenue Department, Secretariat, Bombay, not later than 31st December, 1949. (6034)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO. LTD.

(In Voluntary Liquidation)

LOST SHARE CERTIFICATE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 20176 in respect of 5 Ordinary Shares Nos. 139304 to 139308 of the Bombay Electric Supply & Tramways Co., Ltd. (In Voluntary Liquidation) standing in the name of Vincent Francis Miranda (now deceased) has been lost, mislaid or destroyed. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the company at their registered office, Electric House. No. 1, within one month from the date thereof, otherwise a duplicate Share Certificate will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

(Sd). POLYCARP FRANCIS MIRANDA

Date 25th Oct. 1949. (1280)

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of:—

(a) Bread Ordinary
(b) Beef Mutton, etc.
(c) Miscellaneous Bazar Articles and
(d) Earthen Pots and Pans, etc..

required during the year 1950-51 which should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on Wednesday the 9th November 1949 before 1-0 p.m. (B.T.). Sealed envelopes must be endorsed "Tenders for ....

Forms for contracts, specifications, etc., will be supplied on payment of Re. 1/- for each copy at the office of the undersigned.

D. I. AHMADI
(Superintendent)
Municipal Gardens Bombay

Victoria Gardens Office,
Byculla, Bombay,
13th October 1949. 6101

COMMISSIONS IN INDIAN ARMED FORCES

APPLICATIONS are invited from unmarried Indian nationals and Gurkha subjects of Nepal to reach Federal Public Service Commission, Post Box 186, Council House, New Delhi, by the 19th November 1949, for the combined examination (dates and places of examination will be notified later on) for admission to the Military Wing of the Armed Forces Academy, Dehra Dun, and the Air Force Academy of the Royal Indian Air Force for the course commencing in July 50. Application forms and full particulars can be obtained from the Federal Public Service Commission or nearest Military Sub-Area H.Q., or Recruiting Office.

AGE LIMITS—Civilian candidates must have been born (i) NOT earlier than 2nd JULY 1929 and NOT later than 1st JULY 1932 for the Army and (ii) NOT earlier than 2nd JULY 1929 and NOT later than 1st JAN 1933 for the R.I.A.F. Personnel serving in the Army, who wish to compete for admission to the Military Wing must have been born NOT earlier than 2nd JULY 1926 and NOT later than 1st JULY, 1932.

EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATION—Must have passed Matriculation or equivalent exam. Applications from those candidates who have appeared or intend to appear at the Matriculation or equivalent examination will be accepted provisionally and they will be required to furnish, before commencement of the course, proof of their having passed the said examination.

SELECTION—Candidates who qualify at the written examination of the F. P. S. C. will be required to appear before Services Selection Boards. Final selection will be based on the combined results of F. P. S. C. examination and S. S. B. test.

2. The number of vacancies to be offered for entry into the Military Wing Course and the R.I.A.F. course will be as follows:

Military Wing	150
R.I.A.F.	75

NOTES:

1. Applicants for admission to the 8th Course (Mily. Wing) and the Air Force Academy (previous Initial training Wing) of the R.I.A.F., commencing in January 1950, whose results are not yet known are advised, if otherwise eligible, to submit their applications for appearng at this examination. If they are successful for the 8th course (Mily. Wing) and the Air Force Academy (Initial Training Wing Course) their applications will be cancelled by the Commission.
2. The upper age limit for R.I.A.F. is relaxable to 24 years only in case of candidates possessing "A" flying license. Conditions of eligibility in NO other case can be relaxed. 6058

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of Waste (Hard & Soft) from the India United Mills, Ltd. No. 5 Mill and Hard Waste from No. 4 Mill and will be accepted upto 4 p.m. (S.T.) on Friday, the 28th October, 1949, in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 6094

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of (1) Lead Sheet, (2) Black Adhesive Tape, (3) C.T.S. and V.I.R. Cables; (4) Paint Anti-Corrosive Black, (5) Brass Fittings for 2 Units 300 Amps, will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, upto noon on Thursday, 10th November, 1949. (6103)

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of Municipal Tested G.I. Pipes, Bus Stop Boards, Jungle wood planking will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, upto noon on Tuesday 8th November, 1949. (6102)

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of (a) Senior Lecturer in Textile Manufactures (b) Lecturer in Physics. Salary Scales: (a) and (b) Rs. 300-25-500-30-560. Qualifications:— (a) B.Sc. Tech. Degree or Hons. Diploma in Textile Manufactures with mill experience of at least 3 years. Teaching experience preferred. (b) M.Sc. or Ph.D. in Physics of Bombay University or an equivalent qualification of any other University.

Dearness allowance and benefit of Provident Fund as admissible under the rules. Suitable candidates may be offered higher starting salary.

Applications should be made on the prescribed form obtainable from the Principal and Secretary, V. J. Technical Institute, Matunga, Bombay 19, and should reach him not later than 7th November, 1949.

D. F. KAPADIA
Offg. Principal and Secretary
24th October, 1949. 6109

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

TENDER NOTICE

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Bombay Municipality (by Order of the Municipal Commissioner) invites tenders for the supply of the following materials during the year 1950-51.

(1) Ammonia, Calcium Chloride, Oxygen and Acetylene Gases and Calcium Carbide; (2) Baskets, banboo of sorts; (3) baskets, cane and cane; (4) Baskets cane, for waste papers, etc.; (5) Manufacturing, Bins, Buckets, Cans, Ghamellas, etc.; (6) Bullock shoes, nails, pins, etc.; (7) Electric Cables and Wire; (8) Electric Lamps; (9) Enamelware & Chinaware for Hospitals; (10) Aluminiumware for Hospitals; (11) Miscellaneous Hospital requirements; (12) Torches & Bulbs; (13) Files & Rasps; (14) Globes, glass, for Hurricane & Petromax lanterns; (15) Ladders, Bamboo & Pinewood; (16) Lanterns, Hurricane; (17) Chappals, Belts and Belting leather; (18) Leather Hide; (19) Locks, Brass and Iron; (20) Locks, galvd. for water meters; (21) Mats and Matting Coir; (22) Rods & Sheets, Brass and Copper; (23) Pitch & Coal Tar; (24) Rubber Sheets & Washers; (25) Yarn Spun; (26) Work of clearing, transporting and stacking of cement and C.I. pipes, etc.

Tender forms giving full particulars and conditions, together with any other relevant information can be had from his office at 566, DeLisle Road, Byculla, Bombay, on payment of the prescribed charges on any working day except Saturday between 10 a.m. (B.T.) and 4 p.m. (B.T.) and on Saturdays between 10 a.m. (B.T.) and 1 p.m. (B.T.).

Tender forms will not be sent by V.P.P.

Tenders shall be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered together with the tender deposit at the office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, Fort, Bombay, ON WEDNESDAY, the 16th NOVEMBER, 1949, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.). 6111

NOTICE

BOARD OF INDIAN SYSTEMS OF MEDICINE, BOMBAY

ATTENTION of all Registered Medical Practitioners, whose names are borne on the Register of Practitioners in Indian Medicine on 19th October 1949 is invited to the Notification regarding the ensuing election of six members to the Board of Indian systems of Medicine, Bombay, published in the Bombay Government Gazette, (Part II of 20th October, 1949). Out of the said six members to be so elected, five shall be Ayurved Registered Practitioners and one shall be a Unani Registered Practitioner.

(1) Friday, 4th November 1949 is the last date for receiving nominations of candidates which must be accompanied with a deposit Rs. 250.

(2) Any candidate shall be at liberty to withdraw his candidature on or before the 11th November 1949.

(3) Voting papers will be issued to electors on Tuesday the 22nd November 1949.

(4) Voting papers should be returned so as to reach the Returning Officer not later than 12 Noon, on Thursday, 15th December 1949.

(5) Counting of votes will begin at 1 p.m. on Thursday the 15th December 1949.

S. V. SALGAONKAR
Returning Office

Esplanade Mansion,
1st Floor,
144, Mahatma Gandhi Road,
Bombay—20th October, 49. (6106)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the disposal of defective and unserviceable refrigerators will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, up to 7th November, 1949. (6112)

CENTRAL FOOD TECHNOLOGICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE.

(Council of Scientific & Industrial Research)

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of an Assistant Civil Engineer in the grade of Rs. 250-25-500, plus D.A. Rs. 60/-. The post is temporary upto 28-2-1950, but is likely to become permanent. Applicants should be Graduates in Civil Engineering with at least 5 years of experience in the profession. Actual experience in the construction and equipment of laboratories will be an additional qualification. Applicants may be required to attend interview at their own expense. The selected Candidate should be prepared to join immediately. Applications should reach the Planning Officer, Central Food Technological Research Institute, Cheluvamba Mansion, V. V. Mohalla P.O., Mysore, not later than 7th November, 1949.

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER of Stores invites tenders for the supply of Miscellaneous Stores such as bamboos hill solid boards loading, baskets bamboo and cane, straw rice brooms goa and poles Nowgany during the period 1-2-1950 to 31-1-51. Tender form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy. Not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date 18th November, 1949 at 3 p.m. (S.T.). 6100

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

FOR A CONSIDERABLE TIME now 127 x 40 IG empty light steel barrels have been lying at our Wadi Bunder Installation unclaimed. We have been unable to trace their owners. We do not wish to retain them any longer and we do hereby make it known that the owners should produce proofs of their ownership and remove the barrels belonging to them within one month from the date of publication of this notice, failing which we shall dispose of them without being responsible to account to the owners in any way.

Dated at Bombay, 25th Oct. 1949.

For and on behalf of

BURMAH-SHELL OIL STORAGE AND DISTRIBUTING CO. OF INDIA LTD. 6099

G.I.P. AND B.L. RAILWAYS

IMPORTANT NOTICE

KARTIKI EKADASHI FAIR AT PANDHARPUR—1949

ALL POSSIBLE arrangements will be made for clearing the Pilgrim traffic for the Kartiki (November 1949) Ekadashi Fair at Pandharpur. But, intending pilgrims are advised in their own interest to start as early as possible for the fair. During the last 2 or 3 days before the Ekadashi day, there is likelihood of great congestion at Kurduwadi and risk of detention there, as B. L. Railway have limited Rolling Stock at their disposal.

Return tickets of all classes are now being issued from stations on the G. I. P. Railway to Pandharpur on the B. L. Railway (Via Kurduwadi) at two single journey fares on both the Railways. 6110

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

Insolvency Nos. 178 of 1947 & 20 of 1949.

Re: MANSUKHLAL BECHARDAS CHOKSEY of Bombay, residing at Nawab Building, Grant Road, Bombay and carrying on business as an Attorneys of this Honourable Court under the name and styie and firm of Messrs. Choksey & Co., at Alli Chambers, Tamarind Lane, within the Fort of Bombay. ... A Debtor.

Ex-parte: Messrs. GENAJI VENAJI & CO., and LUBAJI VANAJI and POKHRAJ LUMBAJI. ..... Petitioning Creditors.

On the Petitions of the abovenamed Petitioning Creditors presented on the 20th day of December, 1947 and 12th day of March, 1949 respectively, an Order was made on the 20th day of September, 1949, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 19th day of October 1949.

SAROSH H. A. VAKIL,
Insolvency Registrar,
High Court, Bombay. 6104

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

Insolvency Nos. 101 & 113 of 1949

Re: In the matter of BHAGWANDAS KISHORILAL of Bombay, carrying on business in the firm name and style of Messrs. Hardwarimal Kishorimal and Messrs. Kishorilal Bhagwandas at 12-14, Dhanji Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, and in the matter of Messrs. Kishorilal Bhagwandas, a firm, carrying on business at Mulji Jetha-Market, outside the Fort of Bombay and also at Dhanji Street in the names of Messrs. Hardwarimal Kishorilal and Messrs. Kishorilal Bhagwandas and also at Cawnpore and other places in various other names: .... Debtors.

Ex parte: RAMVALLABHJI RUNGTA and MADANGOPAL MADHADEOPRASAD BAGLA .... Petitioning Creditors.

On the Petitions of the abovenamed Petitioning Creditors presented on the 14th and 19th days of October, 1949 respectively, an Order was made this day by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtors Insolvents.

Dated this 19th day of October, 1949.

SAROSH H. A. VAKIL
Insolvency Registrar
High Court, Bombay. (6105)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of scrap iron, steel, aluminium, drums, misc. salvage, canvas, etc., by order of The Regional Disposals Commissioner, on 28-10-49, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.), at B.B.D. Salvage Sub Depot, Haji Bunder, Sewri. For catalogues apply to: CRAWFORD & CO., 132, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF CARGOES LYING UNCLEARED IN THE B. P. T. DOCKS.

In accordance with Section 64 and 64A of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1879 and as from time to time amended MENESSE & CO., will under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks sell by Public Auction at the Sale Warehouse, Alexandra Dock at 2 p.m. on FRIDAY, the 28th October, 1949, the following: Chemicals, Rope, Gum Arabic, Talcum powder, M. C. Batteries, empty Drums and Ladder Bridges, Cotton Thread, Fluorecent Light, Mineral Oil, Glassware, Hardware, Farina's Rose Hair Oil, Toothpaste, 239 Vegetable products, 18 bales C. P. Goods, Food Essences, Old Newspaper, Mineral Oil lying at No. 20, Alexandra Dock and empty Drums lying at Frere Basin will be sold at the Sale Warehouse intending purchasers may inspect them before sale.

SALE ON WEDNESDAY, 26th October, 1949, at 3 p.m. at the sale room of the undersigned:

Old Indian ivory figures and Ivory gold lacquered animal figures, Satsuma vases, Continental bronze and fancy porcelain and decorative articles.

Furniture and sundry articles:—Figurewood box matter bedsteads, glass door cupboard, one teakwood dining table, about 20 leather suit cases, Plastic bags, Bridge set Trinket boxes, Lady's toilet sets, Refrigerator, about 20 pieces Benarasee silk sarees, a lot of rubber bags, China pots, glass bottles, etc.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows St.

HAVE YOU VISITED

CEYLON

IF NOT—JOIN ONE OF

COOK'S

CONDUCTED MOTOR TOURS IN CEYLON

TOUR NO. 1
LEAVE BOMBAY 12th November
RETURN BOMBAY 7th December

TOUR NO. 2.
LEAVE BOMBAY 18th December
RETURN BOMBAY 4th January

TOUR NO. 3.
LEAVE BOMBAY 27th January
RETURN BOMBAY 23rd February

APPLY FOR PROGRAMMES TO

THOS. COOK & SON
(CONTINENTAL AND OVERSEAS) LTD.

(Incorporated in England)
COOK'S BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD FORT,
AND AT TAJ MAHAL HOTEL.

OFFICES AT: CALCUTTA • CHITTAGONG • COLOMBO • DELHI KARACHI • LAHORE • MADRAS RANGOON • SIMLA • SINGAPORE and throughout the world.

COOK'S WORLD TRAVEL SERVICE

'RAZVI DIRECTED RAID ON VILLAGE'

Prosecution Evidence In Bibinagar Case

HYDERABAD, Oct. 24, (PTI):

ACCUSATIONS that Syed Kasim Razvi, the Razakar leader, personally directed the looting of properties and attacks on persons in Bibinagar, a prosperous village 20 miles from Hyderabad, were made in the court of the Special Tribunal which began hearing the "Bibinagar Dacoity case," today.

The Special Prosecutor, opening the case, said that most of the witnesses who suffered by the Razakar raid were fortunately present to give their evidence. The incidents took place in the village on January 10, 1948 between five and eight p.m.

It would appear, the Prosecutor continued, that the Razakars were returning from a place called Bhongir and on their way back near Bibinagar Railway station while they were shouting "Shah-e-Osman Zindabad" (long live Nizam) and "Azad Hyderabad Painabad" (may free Hyderabad be firmly established). These slogans were retorted by a person in Bibinagar railway station by "Mahatma Gandhi-ki-Jai" which resulted "in the looting and other kindred affairs."

Mr. Ethiraj said that the Station Master's and assistant Station Masters's houses were also attacked; their women-folk were robbed of their jewels.

THE RAZAKARS CAME

Achiah, first prosecution witness, told the Court he was a resident of Bibinagar, living within 30 paces of the police out-post in the village, and doing business in cloth. There days prior to the "Sankranti"—the one previous to the last—between 100 and 120 Razakars armed with swords, guns lathis and spears, came to Bibinagar in five motor vehicles—three lorries, one big and one small jeep, he said. They were dressed in khaki and greenish uniforms. They halted in front of the travellers' bungalow near Bibinagar railway station and started shouting "Shah-e-Osman Zindabad" and "Azad Hyderabad Paindabad".

Witness, who said he was at the booking office in the railway station at the time, deposed that he came out and shouted "Mahatma Gandhi-Ki-Jai". Others at the station also should "Mahatma Gandhi-ki-Jai."

FIRE OPENED

The Razakars then opened fire, Achian said, and witness and others ran away to Kosetty's Hotel nearby.

After about 15 minutes witness continued the Razakars came & apprehended him and Kosetty at the hotel Just then, witness saw some Razakars coming out of the Station Master's place. While witness attempted to escape, he was caught by "one fat and tall gentleman" and beaten with a long thick stick on the head. Witness identified the man who beat him on the head in the court as Hajee Khan (Accused No. five).

"Another Razakar beat me with a stick on the wrist breaking my watch" Achian told the Tribunal. He singled out Mehtab Khan (Accused No. Four) as the man who beat him and added that he took away 24 to 25 rupees of him.

Witness said he was then brought to Kosetty's Hotel where another Razakar ordered that the hotel be looted. He said he admitted to having shouted "Mahatma Gandhi-Ki-Jai" when asked by a bearded Razakar He identified Mir Khadar Ali Khan (accused No. two) as the person who asked him the question.

"SADAR SAHIB"

Achiah said he was then beaten and asked to point out houses of Congressmen and Sahukars in the village. He told them he was unable to do so due to the "severe injured" he had received. He said he was taken zefore the "Sadar Sahib" (President) who was standing near a tamarind tree beside a motor vehicle. The "Sadar Sahib" was Syed Kasim Razvi he said, pointing to Accused No one.

A Razakar told Syed Kasim Razvi that witness was the person who shouted "Mahatma Gandhi-Ki-Jai" and that he had refused to point out the houses of Congressmen and Sahukars.

Witness said Syed Kasim Razvi asked him why he shouted "Mahatma Gandhi-Ki-Jai" and why he refused to point out the houses of Congressites and Sahukars. Witness replied that he was unable to do so as he was severely hurt.

Witness added: "Thereupon Syed Kasim Razvi ordered: "Badmash go and show the houses of Congressites and Sahukars""

Kasim Razvi also told the Razakars, witness said, to "complete your work."

Therefore accused Syed Kasim Razvi Khadar Ali Khan, Mehtab Khan and Haji took witness into Bibinagar village, witness said.

LOOTING OF HOUSES

Achian said that Razvi and some other Razakars entered a house in Bibinagar village. He himself was taken to the police station by ten or 15 Razakars and subjected to another beating. He then tok Razakars to one Purushttamchari's house & they banged the door and ordered it to be opened. The Razakars again started beating, and following his cries, Purushottamchari opened the door. The Razakars fired off rounds inside the house, then took out some boxes into the yard and ransacked gold silver and other valuables.

The Razakar party then took him and Purushottamchari to the next house, belonging to Malladari Sivaiva, and looted it. The Razakars also beat some persons in the village. After looting a few more houses they took him and those whose houses were looted to Razvi, he added. Razvi ordered the Razakars to remove their blood-stained clothes, he said.

Witness said that Kasim Razvi then addressed them in the following words: "If you are in the Congress Party or do anything harmful to Muslims, I will turn your village into ashes. We are only 21 miles from Hyderabad City. At present your life is safe. You con go."

It was about 8 p.m. when witness and others returned to their homes. He was treated privately for his wounds.

The following day, Aciah added, the Amberpet police visited Bibinagar and arrested witness and took him to the police outpost which was situated in the heart of Bibinagar town.

The examination of the witness was postponed till tomorrow.

After lunch, the Tribunal heard the cross-examinations by the defence of two prosecution witnesses in the Shoebullah Khan murder case. They were Risaldar Basheer Ali, an arms expert employed in the Hyderabad Army and Inspector Hamiduddin of the Hyderabad City C.I.D. the investigating officer in the case.

This case was then adjourned to Thursday.

POWER SHORTAGE IN CITY

Tata Explains They Are Not To Blame

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. J. R. D. Tata replied today to the criticism emanating from certain quarters that the existing power shortage was due to lack of proper planning on the part of the management of the Tata Hydro Companies and delay in proceeding with measures to increase their own capacity. Mr. Tata was presiding over the annual general meeting of the Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Company, Limited.

Stating that the criticism was incorrect, Mr. Tata explained the present position. He said that the companies increased their output to the extent of about 20,000 Kw and 60 million units during the war period. They were entitled to expect, by this year at the latest that the railways would have completed their arrangements for the expansion of their power station, so that a further 20,000 Kw of their capacity could be made available for the supply of their customers.

Mr. Tata explained the measures planned by the company to meet further increases. There was a plan for an increase of 6,000 Kw in the capacity of Khapoli Power Station by remodelling the existing units. The plan would be complete this year. There was also the installation in 1951 of a plant with a 22,000 Kw of capacity at either the Bhivpuri or Bhira Power Stations, and a further installation in 1954 of a plant with 30,000 Kw of capacity.

Mr. Tata added—"It is the announced policy of the Government to undertake all new hydro electric developments in future and they have in fact decided to undertake the Koyna Valley scheme which has been originally investigated by Tatas. It is evident, in these circumstances, that the Tata Hydro companies have practically reached the limit of development and that the responsibility for meeting the future demands now rest with Government. This had resulted in Tata's recommending to the Government in January of this year that at least 50,000 Kw of steam generating capacity should be installed at or near Bombay at the earliest possible date.

The annual report and the audited statement of accounts of the company were passed at the meeting.

FORCED ABSORPTION OF GOA

No Solution Of Problem

BOMBAY, Monday (PTI).—Mr S. B. D'Silva, President of the National Congress of Goa commenting on the Portuguese Premier Salazar's reported reference to the future of Goa said: "For once we agree with him that 'forced absorption of Goa' will not solve the problem."

Denying that India or the National Congress of Goa ever contemplated forced absorption of Goa Mr. D'Silva said: "He (Mr. Salazar) has been woefully misinformed by his officials in Goa if he believes that 'forced absorption' has ever been in the contemplation of India or of the National Congress of Goa."

"The people of Goa would not willingly submit to forced absorption any more than they were willing to submit to the continuance of the domination of Portugal," he said.

Mr. D'Silva added: "We wish Portugal to quit Goa as early as possible, willingly, amicably, by 'friendly collaboration,' if they will. We shall then be free to vindicate the right to self-determination as to our future status within the frame-work of the Indian Union."

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

Today's Engagements

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY: Dr. Vikram A. Sarabhai to speak on "Research for the Textile Industry", at Green's Hotel, 1-45 p.m. today.

THE BOMBAY METALLURGICAL SOCIETY: Prof. N. P. Gandhi will deliver a lecture on "Some recent advances in the heat treatment of steel", at the BEST Conference Hall, today, 6-15 p.m.

GATHA SOCIETY: Dasturji Framroze A. Bode to speak at the Cama Hall, Apollo Steet, today, 6 p.m.

BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: There will be a public lecture in the Durbar Hall of the Town Hall, on "The Inscriptions from the Fire Temple of Baku" by Dr. J. M. Unvala, at 6 p.m. today.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL SECONDARY TEACHERS' CONFERENCE: 8th. session of the conference on Wednesday 26th. October at 11 p.m. at St. Xavier's High School. Mr. S. K. Patil will preside.

Women In The Home Guard

A training Camp for certain Women's Units of Home Guards, Bombay Province, will be held at Andheri from October 26 to November 6. The object of this camp is to give concentrated training to members of the Women's Wing who have already started training in their Districts some time ago.

"NEW LOOK" FOR OLD TOWN

Government Scheme

BOMBAY, Monday.

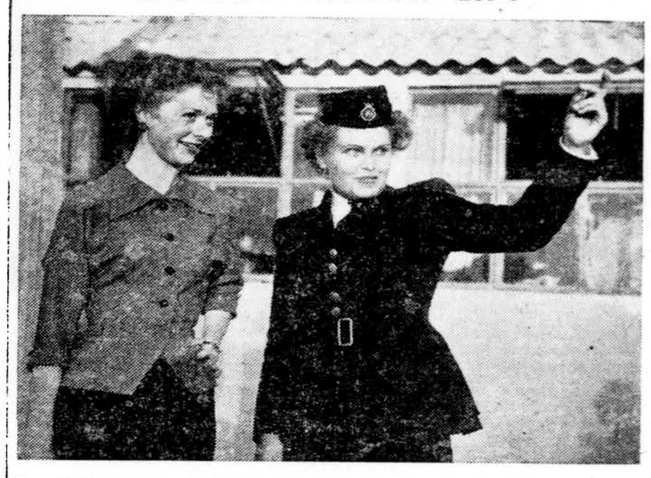
A province-wide scheme for the eradication of slums and the provision of better living conditions for the people of small towns and villages is under way. The scheme is being blue-printed for the Government of Bombay by the office of the Consulting Engineer to the Government. Plans for six towns have already been prepared. and further plans are being prepared by the Government. A permanent department is being set up by the Government in the office of the Consulting Engineer at a cost of Rs. 4 lakhs.

So far, plans for Islampur, Viramgam, Godhra, the Kalyan Refugee Township, Bijapur and Guledgud have already been prepared. The eradication of slums in towns is a six year plan, which will be prepared by the Government, but executed by local bodies.

Plans for other towns including Belgaum, Bagalkot, Nadiad, Rannibenur and Malegaon are under preparation. A Greater Poona Scheme to relieve the growing congestion of the town and spread the population over a wider radius is also under preparation.

Although the plans will provisionally apply only to the twelve towns mentioned, it will be ultimately extended to embrace villages as well. These latter, however, must not be situated more than a mile away from the national or provincial highways already planned for the province. The latter provision, it is believed will make it easier to bring educational and other facilities to the villagers.

B O A C'S BALLET LIFT



Two B. O. A. C. Constellation aircraft have just taken part in the largest trans-Atlantic move in the history of ballet when 70 members of the Sadler's Wells Company flew from the U.K. to New York. They are to appear in America and Canada and will return to U.K. by B. O. A. C. in December. At London Airport before leaving for America, Moira Shearer the well-known ballerina and star of the British film "Red Shoes", met her friend Doreen Dempster, who is a B.O.A.C. receptionist at the Airport. The photograph shows Miss Dempster explaining the workings of the Airport to Miss Shearer.

MINISTER INTERVENES TO CUT RED TAPE

Electricity Schemes For Bombay Province

BOMBAY, Monday.

How difficult it is to get dollar even for important Government schemes is evident from the fact that recently Tata's who wanted to import a generating plant to supplement the five existing plants at Bhira Hydro Electric Works, found it impossible to get the necessary dollars for the purchase of the plant.

Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Minister in charge of the Public Works portfolio, Government of Bombay, seeing the urgency of the matter is said to have personally intervened and induced the Government of India to place at the disposal of Tata's 600,000 dollars, so that they might be able to buy the badly needed 22,000 kilo-watt plant.

Even then, the plant will take two years to arrive and any augmentation of power supply from the Bhira source will have to wait till then.

This, however, provides an example of how red tape can be circumvented by personal handling of any difficult problem by a Minister himself. Secretariat circles described this as "almost achieving the impossible", because before Dr. Jivraj Mehta went to Delhi himself to plead for the dollar allotment, the chances of its availability were very remote indeed. It was only when the matter was taken up at Ministerial level that the Centre was convinced that the matter had to be accorded top priority.

Dr. Jivraj Mehta who is keen on seeing the Bombay Government's electrification schemes in the Province through to schedule is leaving on a tour of the Koyna Valley Project in the first week of November. The scheme which will cost a colossal sum amounting to nearly 43 crores of rupees ultimately and will take eight years to the surrounding areas and will be well as increased irrigational facilities to the surounding areas and will be one of the major Governmental projects in the province.

Dr. Mehta's visit to this place is again undertaken to avoid the maze of labyrinthine red tape which is delaying schemes of this type. He will, after a careful personal survey of the site, try to evolve an idea as to how best to put into execution the scheme in its entirety, in view of the difficult dollar position. After he makes a thorough study the Minister, it is stated, will be in a position to devise ways and means of surmounting the obstacles caused by dollar stringency and financial difficulties which are the headache of every Government today.

THE OLD TRICK

BOMBAY, Monday.

Three insured parcels containing a thousand rupees were stolen from one of the counters at General Post Office in broad daylight on Thursday last. Narayan Dasappa Palam, a peon in a city firm, went to the Post Office with several packets for despatching. While he was affixing stamps on them, a middle-aged Hindu approached him and pointed out that some of his stamps had fallen down.

While the peon unsuspectingly stooped to pick up the fallen stamps, the stranger is alleged to have decamped with three parcels worth Rs. 1,000. The Phalton Road police are making enquiries.

TODAY'S RADIO

BOMBAY A

244 m. 1231 kc|s 31.41 m. (9,550 kc|s) 7-30 a.m. Abhang 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram, 7-45 Madhavrao Mhapsekar (Jaltarang). 8-0 News (E). 8-15 News (H) 8-30 R. M. Joshi Bhanjans 8-45 News (G). 244 m. (1,231 kc|s) 41.44 m. (7,240 kc|s) 12-45 p.m. Sarang Rang 12-50 Ravishankar M. Joshi Bhajan. 1-0 News (G). 1-10 As in Bombay B. 1-30 News (E). 1-40 Music of Dvorak. 244 m. (1,231 kc|s) 31.41 m. (9,550 kc|s) from 5 to 7-45 p.m. 41.44 m (7,240 kc|s) from 8 to 11 p.m, 5 Suman Dandekar Multani, 5-15 Madhavrao Mhapsekar (Jaltarang). 5-30 As in Bombay B. 6-0 News (E). 6-10 News (H). 6-20 A.S. Karandikar (Pad). 6-40 D.G. Marathe (Purva Kalyan). 7-0 Topic of Day. 7-10 Local. 7-15 Suman Dandekar (Shamkalyan). 7-30 Laxmi Raman (Soni). 7-45 Kamgar Sabha. 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay B. 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bom. B 10-0 There is Something in air 10-30 Music of Percy Faith.

BOMBAY B

353 m. (850 kc|s) 41.44 m. (7,240 kc|s) 7-30 a.m. As in Bombay A. 7-45 News (K). 8-0 Gangubai Hangal (Bhairon). 8-30 News (M). 8-45 D.G. Barathe Khayal Bilawal. 353 m. (850 kc|s). 31.41 m. (9.550 kc|s). 12-45 p.m. As in Bombay A. 12-50 News (M). 1-0 WS. Wachhani (Shuhd Sarang). 1-10 Geet, Ghazalen Bhajan 1-40 News (H) 1-50 variety Programme (G) 353 m (850 kc|s) 41.44 m. (7.240 kc|s) from to 7-15 p.m. 61.98 m. (4,840 kc|s) from 7-30 to 11 p.m. 5 As in Bombay A. 5-30 Jantar Mantar, 6-0 W.S. Wachhani (Bhajan). 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay A. 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K). 8-0 News (M). 8-15 A.S. Karandikar (Pad.) 8-30 Kridanganavar Talk in Marathi by Shri R.G. Sardesai, 8-45 D. B. Marathe (Malgunji), 9-0 Naraharibuwa Patankar Pad 9-30 Swar Mudrika by S.N.A. Rizvi. 9-45 review of social, cultural and artistic activities. 10-0 Gangubai Hangal (Malkans).

BARODA

250 m. (1,200 kc|s) 7-30 a.m. Vidya Trayi. 7-30 As in Ahmedabad 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Sangeet Shiksban, 8-30 Geet Manjari. 8-45 News (G). 5-30 p.m. Songs from Screen 6-0 News (E) 6-10 Gangadhar Sant (Violin). 6-20 Himatbhai Bhagat (Bhajan). 6-30 Gramjano Mate. 7-0 Geet Lahri. 7-15 Gangadhar Sant (Violin), 7-30 Himatbhai Bhagat (Bhajan). 7-45 Background to news. (Relayed from Ahmedabad). 8-0 Geeto 8-10 Local. 8-15 News (G). 8-30 As in Ahmedabad. 9-0 News (E). 9-15 "Nikdichi Soyarik" (M). 9-45 Vadya Zankar.

AHMEDABAD

326.1 m. (920 kc|s) 7-30 a.m. As in Baroda, 7-40 R.K. Karve, (Khayal Deogiri Bilawal), 8-0 News (E). 8-15 As in Baroda. 8-30 Sudha Lakhia (Geeto). 8-45 News (G). 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda 6-0 News (E). 6-10 As in Baroda. 6-30 Majoor Bhaio Mate. 7-0 Sudha Lakhia (Geeto). 7-15 As in Baroda. 7-30 Geet Manjari. 7-45 Background to news. 8-0 Violin Par Paraj Shashikant Gundani, 8-10 Local 8-15 News (G) 8-30 R.K. Karve (Khayal ane Tarana). 9-0 News (E). 9-15 Geet 9-45 Sudha Lakhia Geeto.

THE RETURN OF A CONVICT

A Year's Jail

BOMBAY, Monday.

Bhiku Ramchandra, a returned externee who was arrested by the Police at Andheri on August 29 in connection with another case was convicted to one year's regorous imprisonment by Mr. S. B. Avar, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaon Court.

Bhiku was served with an externment order by the Deputy Commissioner of Bombay, some time back. He was later arrested at Andheri in connection with a case. He admitted before the court three previous convictions.

Unity In All-India Forward Bloc

PATNA, Oct. 23 (PTI)—An emergent meeting of the Central Executive Committee of the All India Forward Bloc will be held at Calcutta on November 1 next. It will consider the unity talk between the two sections of the All India Forward Bloc and ratify the decisions of the All India Left Unity Conference, according to Pandit Sheelabhadra Jajee, Chairman, All-India Forward Bloc.

SUGAR HOARDERS ARRESTED

Police Launch Vigorous Drive

BOMBAY, Monday.

A vigorous drive was launched by the Crime Branch 2, in collaboration with the Bombay City Police Force, during the Diwali holidays to stamp out sugar hoarding and black-marketing in Bombay.

Kakubhai Dulabhdas Shah, Manager of the Azad Hind Mahila Mandal Sahakari Stores, Dongri and Virgi Karsandas Shankerwalla, clerk, were arrested on charges for the breach of the Essential Supplies Act. It was alleged that the accused did not declared 440 lbs. remainder of seven bags of sugar, supplied by the Government. The premises of the shop were searched by the Police and the undeclared sugar was found.

For allegedly refusing to sell sugar Tokaran Champsi Madan and Deoji were arrested on Thursday It was alleged that the accused also did not display the price list and declare his sugar stock.

At Ghatkoper on Thursday, Shilingappa Bassapa was apprehended while it was stated, he was trying to import 15 bags of sugar without permit into Bombay from Poona.

Bhimji Pradhan, owner of a shop and servant Mohamed Ali Meherali, were arrested by the Dongri Police on Thursday on charges of profiteering in sugar. It was alleged that they were selling sugar at the rate of Rs. 1-4 per lb.

The Police arrested on the Hindu New Year's Day, Premji Malji, Chairman of co-operative store ration shop at Cthrni Road, Ganjgi Kuverji store-keeper for not declaring six and a half bags of sugar, the police said.

All the accused were produced before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate at the Mazagaon Court today and were allowed bail.

Four Lives Lost In Jodhpur Fire

JODHPUR, Oct. 24 (P.T.I.): Four persons were killed, 18 seriously injured, and one boy was reported missing in a vast fire which broke out in fire works shop last night. Twenty shops were completely destroyed.

The conflagration was brought under control by P.W.D. water lorries helped by an Indian Air Force fire engine. The cause of the fire is not known.

THE WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 24 (P.T.I.): Following is the All India weather summary for Monday, October 24, 1949.

The deep depression in South-east Bay of Bengal is centred this morning within one degree of Lat. 10-1/2 degrees N, Long. 91-1/2 degrees E. It is likely to move in some north-westerly direction initially, and may intensify. A depression is probably forming in the Arabian Sea as its centre this morning within one degree of Lt 12 degrees N and Long 70-1/2 degrees E. It is likely to move north-westwards initially and intensify.

Rainfall has been widespread in Malabar and Mysore and occurred locally in the Konkan and South Hyderabad. A few falls of rain are reported from Bombay Deccan and elsewhere in the Madras Presidency.

Forecast valid until Tuesday evening:—Thunder-showers will occur locally in Malabar, South Konkan and along North Madras coast and at a few stations in the rest of the peninsula and along South Orissa coast.

WEATHER CHART

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st October 1949 and departure from normal, recorded at 8 a.m. on October 24:

Ahmednagar 87 65 0 1.5 minus 0.1; Akola 90 68 0 4.6 plus 3.0; Allahabad 91 63 0 0.4 minus 1.6; Amraoti 88 68 0 6.9 plus 5.2; Aurangabad 89 67 0 0.8 minus 0.5; Bangalore 79 67 0.2 9.7 plus 4.7; Baroda 97 71 0 0.1 minus 1.6; Belgaum 82 67 0.1 0.9 minus 3.1; Banaras 90 64 0 1.3 minus 1.7; Bhopal 90 64 0 3.7 plus 2.2; Bhuj 95 70 0 0 minus 0.3; BOMBAY 95 80 T 1.3 minus 0.8; Calcutta 90 70 0 2.6 minus 1.4; Cherrapunji 74 63 0 5.9 minus 9.5; Colombo 85 79 0.1 8.7 minus 1.1; Delhi 90 61 0 0.1 minus 0.3; Gulbarga 88 72 0.1 2.0 minus 0.3; Hanamkonda 91 71 0 0.6 minus 1.6; Honavar 90 73 1.0 1.6 —; Hyderabad (Dn.) 90 67 0 0.6 minus 1.3; Indore 88 65 0 4.5 plus 3.5; Jaipur 91 61 0 0 minus 0.4; Jubbulpore 87 63 0 4.1 plus 2.5; Kanpur 90 66 0 0.3 minus 1.0; Khandwa 91 60 0 3.4 plus 2.2; Kodaikanal 62 51 0.9 8.5 plus 0.7; Kolhapur 85 70 0 1.6 —; Madras 88 74 1.1 3.4 minus 4.7; Mahabaleshwar 73 64 0.1 2.8 minus 2.7; Mangalore 87 75 0.1 1.1 minus 5.4; Marmagao 89 74 0.8 3.1 minus 2.7; Mercara 75 63 0 3.4 minus 3.3; Mussorie 69 52 0 0.2 minus 0.9; Mysore 81 67 0.1 9.3 plus 4.0; Nagpur 89 65 0 5.2 plus 3.4; Ootacamund 65 55 0.1 7.8 plus 1.4; Pachmarhi 80 56 0 3.1 minus 0.3; Patna 90 67 0 0.1 minus 2.0; Peshawar 81 55 0 0 minus 0.2; Poona 87 70 0.1 1.6 Minus 1.6; Raichur 88 75 0.4 4.5 plus 2.5; Ranchi 86 53 0 2.0 minus 0.5; Shillong 74 — 0 3.9 minus 1.5; Sholapur 91 66 0 1.6 minus 1.0; Simla 61 47 0 0.2 minus 0.8; Surat 98 75 0 2.6 plus 1.5.

The Government of India have restored all press privileges to Mr. G. K. Reddy, Delhi correspondent of "Blitz" whose accreditation was cancelled in August last.

CITY BY-ELECTION

Socialists Likely To Score

BOMBAY, Monday.

Following the resignation of Sardar Pratap Singh from Bombay Municipal Corporation, the citizens of Love Grove Ward will go to the polls tomorrow, to elect a Councillor to fill the vacancy

This will be another trial of strength between the Congress and the Socialists. Love Grove being a working class area it is expected that a majority of the citizens will cast their vote tomorrow in favour of Socialists

Candidates contesting the by-elections are Mr. Narayan D. Kadam as a Congress candidate, Mr. Bhagirath S. Jha on the Socialist ticket. Besides the above two, other candidates are Mr. B. V. Sarkar, Mr. V. N. Rane, Mr. V. A. Desai and Mr D. G. Waghdhare

Voting will take place between 7-40 a.m. and 6-40 p.m. behind Podar Medical College, Worli.

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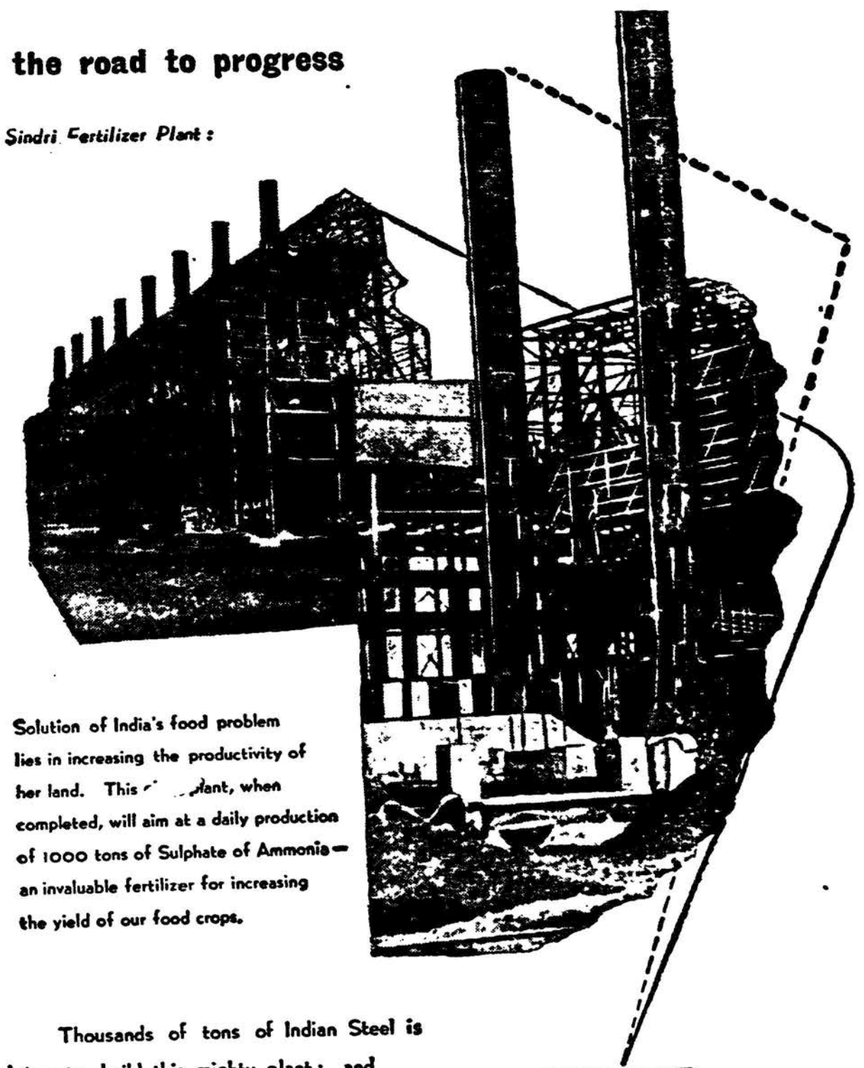

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The Bombay Chronicle

WE REMEMBER THEM

Presiding over the Sheriff's meeting held in honour of four distinguished Indians whose services were rendered in this city, Premier Kher remarked that their memory will serve as an inspiration for future generations of our countrymen, "even though they will live under different and. I hope, happier conditions". Three of these men served the country through the press and the fourth was in the forefront of every fight for freedom of expression. And it is no accident that all four held not only the respect but the esteem and affection of the people of Bombay as few have done in the past and in a way that will not be repeated in the future. Horniman and Brelvi belonged to India; Khadilkar worked in the narrower field of Maharashtra though always as a nationalist; but of Nariman it could be said, as of no other man, that he was part and parcel of Bombay. In his tribute to Nariman, Mr. Kher made a characteristically generous remark. "But for the strange and unpredictable vicissitudes of political strife, rivalry and struggle of all types, Nariman would have been the first Premier of Bombay when the Congress came to power in 1937". It was a surprise to Bombay and a development which had deeper repercussions. But it is a sign of the greatness of the man that, although politically adrift, he continued to hold his unique place in the life of the City. Kaka Khadilkar, as a pioneer in the field of Indian letters, exploited journalism and the drama to rouse the political and social conscience of his people. Premier Kher referred to his early years spent in "the adventure of supervising the manufacture of rifles for an insurrection when he went and lived in Nepal" as almost inconceivable in one who achieved such distinction in his writings later. But Kaka Khadilkar was a fighter to the core and in choosing the pen he only took the weapon which was more useful in the prevailing conditions, which allowed him, as it were, to come out in the open to fight for the same cause that he had made his own. Of Horniman, Mr. Kher, who dwelt at length and exclusively with his work in the nineteen twenties, said, "He suffered exile and neglect and lived through misfortune with admirable fortitude." Of the four, Horniman epitomised the spirit of revolt. He was the arch rebel. Such souls are not remembered and they are not forgotten.

It was not accident which made Mr. Kher dwell longest on the memory of Syed Abdulla Brelvi, the champion of the Gandhian Congress, whose service to the cause of Indian Nationalism was rendered through the "Bombay Chronicle". It is a sign of the essential soundness of Bombay's citizens that the memory of this silent worker is honoured along with that of others of a more explosive nature. There are few who can be placed beside Brelvi for single-minded devotion to the country; for consistent application of the Gandhian principles of Truth, Tolerance and Charity, to the field to which he was called; and for the unsparing effort which he put into all that he undertook. "His exterior of gentleness and charm of manner", said Premier Kher, "did not bring out the full measure of his strength of character". But the very fact that his memory remains with us, contradicts this assertion. "Gentleness and charm of manner" in themselves are not qualities which carve an abiding niche in the Hall of Fame. Brelvi's whole life is a monument to that enduring quality which holds us when the shouting and the tumult dies down. It was not again coincidence that only a day before at a small gathering another Gentleman of the Press, Mr. R. S. Paddbidri, was the recipient of good wishes and sincere appreciation. It was a spontaneous trbute to one who had worked silently and ungrudgingly to cast the light of abiding reason on the conflicts and controversies of the passing hour. And it is well for us that in these days when personalized journalism is coming so much to the limelight that we remember gratefully those who have served the profession with quiet devotion, painstaking zeal, and unnoticed.

The Scout Merger

The merger of the three Scout Associations in India has been announced and the new body, called "the Hind Scouts and Guides" will come into existence early next year.. After years of bitter controversy this, consummation has been achieved. The Hindustan Scout Association was started when it was found that the official organisation frowned upon the national sentiment prevailing in the country. Lord Baden Powell, the founder of the Boy Scouts Association, inspite of his greatness, was a Tory and a staunch imperialist in his outlook. He had a way of condescendingly looking upon non-British people and his reference to Indians as the people in whose language there was no word equivalent to "Character" caused anger in the nation. Also the official organisation had the foreign rulers' patronage, who thought of using it for producing loyal supporters of the British Empire. With this view the British rulers showered on it official patronage and funds. In the teeth of opposition a few men like Pandit H. N. Kunzru launched the national organisation and have maintained it throughout these years. There was bitter disappointment when even under the National Government it continued to receive step-motherly treatment. Only last month it was the Baden Powell organisation and not the Hindustan Scouts which represented INdia at the world meet. It is good that the whole controversy has been laid at rest and the rival organisations have amalgamated, for scouting has a great role to play in India. No other organisation can do what scouting does for boys and girls for developing their bodies and minds and turning them into useful citizens. We would like to see every school having a scout and a girl guide troupe and we hope that the Government will not hesitate in giving grants for this nation-building organisation.

The United Nations

Though the United Nations organisation is far from perfect we have to maintain and support it for it is the one sane factor which may still save this mad world from utter destruction. Nations have found to their grief that force alone can never solve the problem, peace eludes both the victor and the vanquished and the prize of war turns to ashes as soon as it is grasped. If the nations of the world pursue peace with as much tenacity as they do war and if they spend even half of the amount they squander on their war budgets we shall see concrete results. But the word of peace has yet to penetrate the councils of nations, who are blind and deaf to it. So long as they do not surrender part of their individual sovereignty to the U. N., it is unfair to expect that body to enforce its decisions for peace and tranquillity. The ideals behind the United Nations are sound; it is only the member nations, who are imperfect. Not till each of the countries renounces the use of force and strives non-violently for peace, will the U. N. be strong enough to govern the world in the interest of mankind. Till that time it has to play a minor role of conciliation, adjustment and arbitration, without the power to enforce its decisions. India has declared its undying faith in the United Nations because it is based on principles, which were dear to the Father of our Nation.

Thought For The Day

The human mind is of a very imitative nature; nor is it possible for any set of men to converse often together without acquiring a similitude of manner and communicating to each other their vices as well as their virtues.

—HUME.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

EAST LONDON (Cape Province), Oct. 24: More than 150 African students, mostly women, rioted at the St. Mathews College, 60 miles from here. Three of the European staff, including two women, were slightly hurt before Police quelled the disturbance and made several arrests. Police found most of the students who took part in the riots sitting near the sports field singing hymns.

* * *

France has had no regular Government for the past eighteen days.

Evidently the French people believe that good government is that which governs the least, or better still, no government at all.

★ ★ ★

"Egypt who maintains the most cordial relations with India and Pakistan, is ready to offer her good offices (to mediate in the Kashmir dispute) if called upon", says a news report.

Since India wants the cordial relations to continue, she may not call upon Egypt to perform so onerous a task.

★ ★ ★

Eighteen person were taken into custody after five persons were injured in a quarrel between two rival groups of people over the use of tap water.

No surprise, however, is expressed since the incident took place at Calcutta.

★ ★ ★

Soviet newspaper editorials gave the strongest yet indication that Russia intends to remain within the United Nations in spite of Yugoslavia's election to the Security Council, says a PTI-Reuter dispatch.

That is just like Russia. Out to spring a surprise every time.

★ ★ ★

Reassuring memoers of the U. P. judiciary at a recent function, Premier Govind Ballabh Pant told them, "My presence here will reassure you that there is no real gulf between the judiciary and the executive".

The Premier has misunderstood the situation. The judiciary does not want the gulf removed but deepened. Could he not have stayed away from the function in order to reassure them?

★ ★ ★

The U.P. Premier realized the need for members of the judiciary to live in ease and comfort. But he asked them to bear in mind the need for every Indian to make some sacrifice.

His audience has been left guessing whether this was a threat or a promise. It is neither. It is the tortuous way to official pockets dignified by the term voluntary sacrifice which means that the judiciary should take less without grumbling.

★ ★ ★

We read in a Singapore report re ECAFE that Sir Firoz Khan Noon, delegate for Pakistan was unanimously elected chairman of its fifth session.

CITY CORPORATION: WEEK BY WEEK

By "Citizen"

ONCE again there was only one meeting of the Corporation last week, and at the end of it the Mayor announced a three weeks Divali vacation for the House. It is not unusual for the Corporation to enjoy such brief spells of leisure and no one would grudge it either, but looking to the huge piles of arrears of agenda one may wonder if it would not be proper to cut such holidays to the minimum and to utilise the time to clear up the arears.

At the last meeting of the House one noticed the widening rift between the Majority Party and the Opposition. It found a silent but effective expression in the refusal of urgencies to one or two items for which such urgency was asked. I have stated once before in this colum that the present Opposition strong and well-knit as it is has the ability to wield this weapon. In the past it was wielded only once perhaps as a mild warning to the majority party. It has been used this week once again and it leads one to think that the parties are now on a war-path and fresh developments might be expected when the House reassembles after the vacation.

REPORT ON TIME

One of the two items that got jettisoned on account of the refusal of the Opposition to grant urgency was a proposal to fix a date for the consideration of the Municipal Administration Report for the year 1948-49. Now the report will figure as an ordinary item on the next monthly agenda. Unlike past several years, this time this annual report has been published and circulated in time. It has passed through the Standing Committee and is now before the House for consideration. There is an interesting story behind this keeping to schedule this time. It appears the delay in the past used to occur because some one or the other department delayed submission of its part of the report and unless all parts were received by the Head Office it was not possible to piece them together and to produce the full volume. This time it appears a memo went round informing every department that a certain date was fixed for receiving the report and if the same was not received by that date only such parts as were ready by then would be incorporated in the volume and in case of such parts as were not received there would be a slip announcing the fact that the particular part missing could not be there since the same was not received in time for inclusion in the official record of the year. This "threat" did the trick and all the reports were received in good time.

I mention this story because it gives an idea of the lethargy that was being tolerated in the past and also shows the way out. If only there is a little tightening of the discipline from above the efficiency of the Municipal Departments which is certainly not all that one would desire it to be would show a marked improvement. The present state of affairs is that one cannot miss the lethargy if one goes round any Municipal Departments or one tries to probe into its activities and it is time that efforts were made to remove defects and to introduce despatch and efficiency.

The report which runs into more than 400 pages is indeed a useful volume which gives lot of information about the way our City Corporation functions and tells us what work it was able to do during the last twelve months. Space will not permit a detailed survey of the report today and will hold it over for a future occasion. I can however say that the state of affairs revealed by the Report is neither very satisfactory nor of a nature that would make a citizen of this great city feel proud. Much that is being done is merely of a routine nature, there is no freshness or no drive about any thing and what remains to be done is so enormous and stupendous that one wonders when the task will be done.

ANOTHER BY-ELECTION

The city is going to be in the throes of a Municipal by-election today. Tuesday the 25th of October will witness over 30,000 voters in the Love Grove Ward once again going to the polls to elect their representative in place of Sardar Pratapsingh, who lost his seat on account of the breach of the Municipal Act that he committed. I have introduced both the Congress and the Socialist candidates last week. It was expected that this week would see a propaganda campaign started by both the parties. At least the Socialists had announced a series of meetings, as many as six, to be held in the Ward during the week but their programme was upset on account of the ban imposed by the Police Commissioner on the holding of meetings and processions. Since the ban is now lifted they have announced a fresh programme of four meetings which began yesterday. It appears orinally their idea was not to hold meetings during the Divali holidays but now they have decided to utilise even these three days for the campaign. Besides the holding of public meetings the usual sort of posters have once again made their appearance in the area and brightly printed material is appearing on the walls and is also finding its way in the rooms of workers in the shape of leaflets and handbills. The Congress has satisfied itself so far, by merely an-

(Continued on page 7)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Why Blame Government Alone?

The Surat Socialists who organised a demonstration against black markets began on the right note, but ended on the wrong one. Black markets thrive because of the connivance of the few and the apathy of the many. If public opinion is whipped up against a practice which fleeces mostly the public, black markets must necessarily vanish. The Socialists have, however, called upon the Government to "crush" the black marketeers. If black marketing can be crushed by passing pious resolutions calling upon the Government to do so, they would have vanished long ago. It is not that Government does not want to crush black markets though that seems to be the implication of the Socialist griticism. Legally, the regulations against black marketers are very stift, and the occasions when the offenders have been brought to book have been many. If they still flourish, it is because people who stand to gain immediately shield these social pests. Any party which claims that it has the interest of the people at heart, should boldly address itself to the public and point out their part in the blame.

A Welcome Move

Dr. Syed Abdul Latiff, the Hyderabad publicist, who joined the Congress the other day—his example has been followed by 2,000 Muslims—has some wise words to the carping critics of the Congress. He says that there is some justification for the charges levelled against the Congress by the Socialists and the Communists, but it is for the very reason that these faults exist that progressive forces should join the Congress—which as Dr. Latiff said is a "running concern"—and "strengthen the hands of those who were fighting fascism from within". It is apparent that Dr. Latiff is referring to the invitation tacitly extended to the R.S.S. by the Congress executive. It is to be hoped that the example of Dr. Latiff will be followed by others, but they should heed the doctor's advice that Muslims who join the Congress must not dream of power-politics. He has asked them to take a detached view, but this is very difficult of accomplishment, especially in these days of suspicion created by the Evacuee ordinance.

Eritrea's Future

Conflicting proposals have created, in the United Nations' Political Sub-Committee, a deadlock over the question of Eritrea. Italy had, earlier, proposed complete independence for the whole Eritrea. Independence, after five years, was also the demand of Soviet Russia. The United States and Britain were, on the contrary for the partition of the country—for incorporating the Eastern part with Ethiopia and ceding the Western provinces to the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, and then came the proposal for the creation of the Federated State of Eritrea with the Emperor of Ethiopia as its head. Mr. George Clutton, the British delegate was opposed to independence and also declared that Britain did not want to implement the plan of Federation. In order to break the deadlock, India's chief delegate, Mr. Benegal Ram Rau, has submitted a compromise plan which calls for a Federation to be formed by June 1950 between Eritrea and Ethiopia with the latter's Emperor as the head. Provision is made in this plan enabling the provinces of Eritrea to decide after ten years whether they decided to continue the Federation, to secede from it or to unite with Ethiopia. The Federation, as suggested by India, is obviously an interim arrangement and not permanent settlement and, as such, it deserves the support of progressive nations. Ultimately it concedes, to the Eritreans, the right of self-determination. It is significant to find the complete absence of any reference to the people's feelings throughout the discussions. Somaliland was made over to Italy as a gift for trusteeship without ascertaining popular sentiment, and now in the case of Eritrea too a few reactionary powers have treated the people as dumb creatures and demanded, straightway, absorption of her provinces. To maintain separate political identity of trust territories and to concede to them the right to independence are the avowed objectives of the United Nations, and they should not be waived in the case of subject and oppressed countries under the pressure of reactionary forces. Let Eritreans decide their future.

Education First

Inaugurating an adult education coordinating centre at New Delhi, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad declared that, owing to lack of funds, the Government had to hold over the scheme for compulsory recruitment of teachers. This scheme was a part of the 16-year programme of basic education. What was left obscure by Dr. Tarachand in his speech in London was stated, in clear terms, by the Minister of Education For the completion of compulsory basic education and adult education within sixteen years, the estimate of trained teachers was about 24 lakhs; and then it was decided to mobilise this personnel by conscripting university-trained young men. Now the position is—no funds and, therefore, no progress of the educational plans. Maulana Azad frankly admitted that as colossal funds were needed for the task of educating the teeming millions of India, the Government, at present, was not in a position to provide the necessary amount. The assurance given by him that the economy drive had not affected expenditure on adult education is a poor consolation. Priority should have been assigned to the programme of compulsory education for children within the limitations of the available funds. Since Maulana Azad acknowledges that education is the most important of the pressing needs of the country, we wonder why education which is primarily the need of children and which must be made accessible to them should suffer. The funds spared by the postponement or curtailment of other plans should, wherever possible, be diverted to the plans of education intended for children.

Food Reserve

The United Nations Food and Agricultural Organisation will consider next month the creation of an international clearing house to buy surplus production of food and other commodities. The clearing house will have a basic capital of 5,000 million dollars to be contributed proportionately by member states. Under the proposal, the clearing house will buy surplus corn and other products at ordinary rates and sell it to the needy country in its own currency. This is a long needed move. Due to the barriers created by tariffs and currency blocs, it has become very difficult for countries to obtain essential goods. We hope that the creation of this organisation will remove some of the difficulties. The proposal only talks of buying essential goods but we hope that the objective will be enlarged to empower the organisation to give away as a gift foodgrains to starving countries. This ought to provide an outlet for the surplus wheat from the United States, Canada, Australia and Argentina and end the unhuman practice of burning or destroying food while anyone in the world starves.

A Bad Example

If the news that the Government of Bombay has decided to condone the illegal trading in the Cotton Exchange is true, it will certainly not redound to the credit of the Government apart from the merits of the question of which apparently the Government is the best judge. If the trading is illegal, public opinion will expect the Government to take action irrespective of the personalities or interests involved In these days of rationing regulations and the strict enforcement of them, one reads in the newspapers often that petty shop-keepers who charge an anna more or infringe the more complicated rules are fined or sent to jail and the Rationing Department takes pains to advertise these lapses at considerable cost to the tax-payer. Is it because petty shopkeepers do not have eminent people to plead their cause with the Government that they are "booked"? We do not mean to suggest that infringers of laws should be let off, but that there should not be one law for the underdog and another for the privileged. It is time that the Government came out with a statement to clear the misapprehension caused in the public mind by ugly rumours.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Memorial To Pandit Malaviya

Through the columns of your esteemed paper, may I humbly draw the attention of the public and the Government, the Congress and other organizations, the Old Students' Associations and the alumni of the Banaras Hindu University scattered all over India and abroad, as also of all educationists, statesmen and the journalists to the fact that three years have elapsed when Mahamana Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviyaji breathed his last. And yet nothing has been done either towards having a suitable memorial or towards preserving his memory. I remember very well even death anniversary and birthday were not celebrated last year anywhere except in the University.

A representative Memorial Committee with Pandit Nehru (now in U.S.A.) as Chairman, and Prof. Radhakrishnan (now in Moscow) as Secretary and with leading statesmen, industrial magnates and others from all over the country was formed three years ago but people have been too busy and conditions in India have also not been very propitious—the more serious matters—the problem of the refugees, and then the demise of the Father of the Nation—naturally engaged their attention. It was understandable.

Time has again come when we should take it up. We cannot afford to be indifferent to one whose sacrifice and hard work, whose life-long devotion and patriotism entitled him to a place second only to that of Mahatma Gandhi. Let us awake. Let the B.H.U. Old Boys' Associations at different centres, and other organisations and institutions, those individuals who feel the urge, organise mass meetings presided over by veteran educationists, statesmen and reformers and let us work our own way to let the Government feel its own share in the cause. The members of the Court of the Banaras Hindu University and the Old Students of the University have a moral duty to take up the cause in right earnestness.

November 9 is his Sradha day, which should be celebrated in a manner befitting the nation. We should start our activities on that day by offering mass 'Anjali' in the river near about and having a mass meeting letting people know of his life and achievements.

December 13 is his birthday. We should concentrate our in respect of the insurance of a car, Raisi Anandji, an agent attached to the Sentinel Insurance Company, Limited, was arrested by the police during the week-end. He was later enlarged on a bail of Rs. 2.000 by the police.

The various papers should bring out a Malaviya Number. We should organise 'Debates' Malaviya Memorial lectures, music competitions, Kavi Sammelans, Inter 'Varsity Meets etc. on that day. It is only then that we will be able to raise a memorial in the sacred memory of one who has greatly contributed to the all round regeneration of our country.

May I earnestly hope that this appeal will catch the people's mind more especially of the alumni of Banaras Hindu University who will rise to the occasion?

I shall feel obliged if information is sent to us of such programmes and meetings as are held in this connection.

—G. B. PANT.
Secretary,
Malaviya Smarak Sapta Samity,
Banaras Hindu University.

Homoeopathy

The Homoeopathic Enquiry Committee should be congretulated on its laudable report a brief of which was published on the 17th of this month, despite the incredible number of "quacks" it has discovered. The Committee had interviewed only a few leading Homoeopaths and it is rather difficult to believe that these few honoured men could have furnished it with all the data. However, the fact should be accepted that there are quacks among homoeopaths whatever their number—quacks qualified and unqualified—as there are among followers of other schools of medicine, e.g., "compounder-medical practitioners of the official system, the wandering Hakims of the Ayurvedic and Unani systems etc., Quackery in medicine persists and will continue for ever in spite of heavy penal legislations but efforts should be made to check it.

Most of the present day homoeopaths are either self taught or have had some sort of training in some ill-equipped colleges as the Committee has pointed out. With all these shortcomings these medical men have largely contributed to the Country's heath.

It is suggested that the Central Authority be moved to organise training centres for these persons—a course covering a reasonable period, say one year at the end of which a test may be conducted. Otherwise these so called "quacks" in spite of their valuable knowledge of homoeopathic therapeutics (no conscientious homoeopath would deny them this attribute) are bound to fail the test which would "conform to the existing standards as laid down by the General Council and State Faculty of Homoeopathic Medicine, West Bengal" and this I am in a position to assert from my own experience with my junior colleagues. Nobody would deny the fact that to sit for an examination conforming to university standards one should receive some sort of university training and while no such Institution exists except in Bengal talking of a test seems quite inconsistent with the order of things. In order to protect their integrity all the existing homoeopaths should either be registered or enlisted under different categories if necessary In the case of juniors again the Authorities would do well to provide them with necessary facilities for further development of their knowledge. Any other course would certainly evoke country-wide agitation and the shape it might take cannot be foretold.

Further, Homoeopathy being an independent and perfect science, in order to keep it free from adulteration no graduate of any other system should be allowed to practice it "after attaining only some knowledge of its fundamental principles" as that would encourage hybrid practice.

—P. N. PAI.

INSURANCE AGENT ARRESTED

Charged With Cheating By False Representation

BOMBAY, Monday.

For the alleged cheating by false representation in respect of the insurance of a car, Raisi Anandji, an agent attached to the Sentinel Insurance Company, Limited, was arrested by the police during the week-end. He was later enlarged on a bail of Rs. 2.000 by the police.

The police stated before Mr. Gordhandas, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, today, that Raisi had insured a car belonging to Nathasing Kasonsing for one year for a sum of Rs 5,0000. In the proposal form submitted by both men, the car was shown as of 1939 model, where as in reality it was an old 1934 model.

It was further stated that the car later caught fire at Bhiwandi and was destroyed. Subsequently an insurance claim was put up with the insurance company concerned. Here also the car was referred to as a 1939 model.

However on examination by the manager of the Insurance Company the cat was out of the bag, and it was soon found that a false representation was made in both the proposal as well as the claim form by the owner as well as the insurance agent. On a complaint lodged with the police, the owner of the car was arrested a few days back, and the insurance agent who was absconding was arrested during the week-end.

The Magistrate extended the bail period of the accused.

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OPEN AIR

One of the most familiar sounds as we walk along the thickly-wooded paths in Matheran is the call of the Barbet, first a long drawn-out bubbling sound and then, many times repeated, Kutroo-Kutroo-Kutroo. We hear it on all sides, but we have to peer very closely in order to see the bird, for its back plumage of almost emerald green, its lighter green underparts and the streaked head camouflage it excellently as it sits among the foliage, pecking at the fruits and berries. Sometimes we catch sight of it in flight—and it flies rather clumsily and heavily—and we may be able to see where it settles and watch it as it hops about among the topmost branches of some tall tree. We then see that it is about the same size as the mynah or a little larger, and that it has a very strong heavy beak like all the members of the Woodpecker and Barbet family, for these birds excavate holes for their nests in the branches or trunks of trees, using their beaks as pickaxe and chisel. For their nesting holes they choose either soft-wooded trees or dead stumps and lay their eggs at the end of the unlined tunnel they have made.

GREEN BARBET

—D. R.

Barna-Bergmann Visit To Bombay Not Yet Accepted

PROVINCIAL BODY FACED WITH SERIOUS PROBLEMS

Khalsa College And Few Other Teams Playing In Herbert Smith Shield Not Affiliated

(By Our Table Tennis Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Monday.

With the world table tennis champions Victor Barna and Richard Bergmann already amongst us for an exhibitional tour of the country, it has not been officially decided to hold the exhibition matches and a "test" in our own city here.

The matter for which the Bombay Provincial Table Tennis Association had met together this evening was once again put off to some later date.

Many obstacles have, it is understood, to be overcome before such a programme can be successfully carried out

To Bombay's lot has fallen, as the premier city in India as regards sports, the unhappy but proud position of providing with the maximum amount of "guarantee monies" whenever such an occasion arises. This point has always been the major difficulty in the path of the organisers of our local sports. For they not only have to hand over the bigger 'chunk' of the receipts to the All-India body, but also make it worth while after such deductions to make it worth its while.

I am informed that in the case of the Barna-Bergman visit not only this financial part of the matter is still to be clarified, but also the dates of such matches have as yet been undecided.

With Bombay having to manage also the exhibitions at the two other centres, Indore and Poona, it is impossible for Bombay to fix any tentative dates unless either or both these centres give a definite reply.

I understand on very high authority that the Provincial Association has, on paper, accepted all the proposals in connection with the visitors' tour of the city in the end of November as originally arranged, and an announcement to this effect can very hopefully be looked forward to towards the end of the week.

Another point that is occupying the attention of the authorities is the fact that some of the teams entered for the Herbert Smith Table Tennis Team Championship, which is being held concurrently with the "Times of India" Open table tennis championships, have not been affiliated with the parent body.

The Association will, it is understood demand an explanation from the tournament authorities as to the reason why among others the entry of the Khalsa College team was accepted, as the latter has not been affiliated with the Association this year.

It is difficult to forecast what steps the Association will take against the offenders, but it can be safely stated that the Provincial body will not pass over this infringement of their rules lightly.

Inter-School Athletics In Bangalore

BANGALORE, Oct. 24 (PTI).

Keen competition and excellent performance were the features of the Sixteenth Annual Inter-School Athletics conducted here by the Bangalore Civil Area Schools Association. Over 20,000 spectators were present at the final meet today and 1,000 competitors, boys and girls drawn from 73 schools in the former Cantonment Area, competed in the individual championships meet.

In six events this year's record exceiled those recorded in the past years and the general impression was that the records this time were generally of a higher standard.

Stop Press

RESULTS WORK OUT TRUE TO FORM

"Times Of India" Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Monday.

Well known Women Table Tennis players did not have to exert themselves unduly to qualify for the quarter-final round of the Women's Singles at the Times of India Open Table Tennis Championships this evening. Most of the victories were easily gained.

Miss Suhasini Dharap, the student Y.M.C.A. Ladies Singles Champion, won her second round tie against Miss Indu Rege in two straight sets 21-13, 21-6. Mrs. Gool Nasikwala easily disposed of Miss Indu Desai in two straight sets 21-12, 21-13. Indu Desai playing roshly was responsible for her own downfall. Mrs. Mani Bharucha was fully extended by Miss Aloo Patel being taken to three games before accounting for her opponent.

The following were the results:

Women's Singles

FIRST ROUND: MANI BHARUCHA beat Kusum Lotwalla 21-16, 21-10; INDU DESAI beat Dhun Mistri 17-21, 21-15, 21-15; ALOO PATEL beat Amina Joosab 21-16, 21-17; BETTY D'MELLO beat B. Mowdawalla 21-19, 21-16.

SECOND ROUND: GOOL NASIKWALLA beat Indu Desai 21-12, 21-13; SUHASINI DHARAB beat Indu Rege 21-13, 21-6; MANI BHARUCHA beat Aloo Patel 21-15, 20-22, 21-19; PIROZA-TIPNIS beat Betty D'Mello 9-21, 21-14, 21-19.

Men's Singles

FIRST ROUND: R. A. SETH beat V. D. Parker 21-10, 21-15; V. Ranganath beat B. S. Khichadia 21-13, 21-6, K. G. JAGTIANI beat H. R. Mehta 21-14, 20-22, 21-12; P. ABRAHAM beat P. Vithal 21-17, 22-20; S. J. BULSARA beat K. B. NAGARKATTI 22-20, 21-14; P. SANDHAWALIA beat R. G. Marathe 21-15, 21-15; J. F. Nazareth beat K. L. Sankar 21-11, 21-8; P. D. Hilloo beat E. K. Mistry 24-22, 24-22; C. DIAS beat S. Sodhi 21-18, 21-19; M. SRINIVAS beat Francis D'Souza 21-13 21-14; N. M. JINADRA beat M. Sikka 21-18, 21-19; N. R. DESAI beat Dennis Correa 18-21, 21-15, 21-15; D. M. KAMATH beat K. R. Kulkarni 21-15, 15-21, 21-7; J. G. KAJARIA w.o. C. S. Pitale; A. DASTOOR w.o. K. R. Panjri; R. S. THACKER w.o. O. J. Kapadia; Y. M. MAHAJAN w.o. B. P. Baliga; R. DHEBRI w.o. V. V. Madgaokar; RAMESH SIKKA w.o. R. P. Multani; DADY SURTI beat H. P. Multani 21-11, 21-19; K. L. RAO beat P. G. Wagle 21-15, 14-21, 21-5.

SECOND ROUND: N. K. Bam beat V. Bhandekar, 21-12, 19-21, 21-12; R. A. Seth beat A. D. Parker, 21-18, 21-18; P. Abraham beat C. Dias, 21-18, 21-16; S. J. Bulsara beat V. Pires, 21-10, 21-14; E. P. Modi w.o. M. M. Shinde; L. R. Krishnan beat M. S. Baxi, 21-8, 21-12; N. M Jinadra beat M. Sikka 21-18, 21-19; V. Ranganath beat A. H. Dastoor, 21-12, 21-9; J. G. Karanjia beat P. D. Hiloo, 19-21, 21-18, 21-19; R. N. Muthuswamy beat N. R. Desai, 21-14, 21-13; D. M. Kamath beat J. Nazareth, 21-15, 27-25; Y. M. Mahajan beat R. Dhebri 21-12, 21-14; K. G. Jagtiani beat R. S. Thacker 1821, 21-12, 21-6; V. M. Choksey beat Ramesh Sikka 21-18, 21-14; M. Shrinivas beat K. L. Rao 21-12, 21-12; P. Sandhawalia beat Dady Surti 21-8, 21-16.

Raisina Win Delhi Cloth Mills Football

NEW DELHI, Oct. 24, (PTI): Raisina Sporting Union of Delhi annexed the All-India Delhi Cloth Mills Tournament Cup defeating the City Club of Lucknow by three goals to one in the replayed final here this evening.

Raisina fielded a reshuffled team including three more R.I.A.F. players, John (right-back), Jesuraj (goal-keeper) and Chaudhri (outside right).

Raisina scored all the three goals in the first half unnerving the visiting team which has an unbeaten 5-year record in the Lucknow League Football, Chaudhri, outside right of Raisina, scored the first goal in the eleventh minute, taking a pass from Bhawani, Raisina's outside-left Susainathan, centre-forward, increased the lead for Raisina in the fourteenth minute and just before interval he again headed in a pass from Chaudhri, bringing the score to 3-0.

H. V. M. Winners Surprised

JUNIOR ROVERS CUP TOURNAMENT

BOMBAY, Monday.

Dockyard 'A' surprised Khatau Sports Club winner of the recently concluded H. V. M. Cup by the odd goal in three this evening in the Junior Rovers Cup Tournament at the St. Xavier's ground Parel. The winners scored the all important goal in the first period of extra time through K. Lefebour.

Khatau gave an altogether diffident display, they seldom took advantage of their good approach work, wasting all their efforts in vain attempts of short passing and dribbling which was of no use against a tenacious defence whose sole idea was to get rid of the ball with first-time tackling.

K. Lefebour opened the Dockyard account in the tenth minute following a fine combined move between him and Ivor Abraham. They held on to this lead till about a few minutes before the interval when Khatau were awarded a penalty in their favour for hands by Mendonca. Babu taking the spot-kick made no mistake to put his side on level terms.

The teams changed ends on level terms and in the second period it was a tense struggle for supremacy with each goal being visited in turn. There was no further score till the final whistle and the referee ordered extra time. In the first period Kenny Lefebour netted with rasping shot from a pass from the right wing which had the goalkeeper completely beaten.

Earlier in the evening B.E.S.T. beat R.I.N. 'A' by a solitary goal scored in the second half of play by Pimpalgaonkar in the same tournament.

Delhi Cloth Mills Football Final Drawn

NEW DELHI, Oct. (PTI).

The final match in the All-India Delhi Cloth Mills Football Tournament between the City Club, Lucknow, and Raisina Sporting Union, Delhi, ended in a draw today in spite of twenty minutes extra-time, each side scoring thrice.

The match will be replayed tomorrow.

Football "Pools" Should Be Out Of Private Hands

LONDON, Oct. 24 (PTI-Reuter).

Britain's Football Association, most powerful governing body in the game, today urged that "Football Pools"—organised betting on the results of soccer games—should be taken "completely out of the hands of private promoters."

This recommendation, if taken up, would affect about 10,000,000 people—about one-third of the adult population of Great Britain—who, according to one estimate, hazard an average of three shillings each week on the fortunes of football teams.

The Football Association made its recommendation to the Royal Commission investigating lotteries, betting and gaming in Brittain.

It said that although it opposed betting in any form on football, it realised discontinuance of the "pools" would not be popular with "a large portion of the population."

The Association thought it was better to control "pool" betting than abolish it, under the following conditions: ("One) the organisation should be on a nonprofit basis, probably under the Postmaster General; (Two) large dividend prizes should be discontinued and "reasonable but still attractive standard prizes" substituted (Three) surplus from the "pool", after running costs had been met, should go to provide playing fields, dressing rooms and other sports facilities.

WRESTLING IN BOMBAY

Spectators Disappointed By Competitors' Absence

BOMBAY, Monday.

With the three main contests of the evening cancelled the large number of spectators who had come to witness these fights had to return disappointed. The contestants who are to blame for this episode are Netrapal of Muttra, Harisingh of Muttra and Mohammed Shakoor of Jaunpur who failed to turn up. The remaining contests in evening's programme were well contested and there were four drawn fights at the Azad Maidan in the Akhil Bharatia Sarirk Vikas Sangh exhibition wrestling.

The following were the results:

Ramoo Damoo (Bombay) drew with Shivram (Sholapur) in a ten minute contest.

Vishnoo Darjee (Bombay) drew with Baboo (Kolhapur) in a ten minute contest.

Mahadoo (Bombay) drew with Baloo (Kolhapur) in a seven minute contest.

Dilawar Singh (Ludhiana) beat Labh Singh (Lalpur) within one minute in a seven minute contest.

Narain (Bombay) beat Mahmood (Bombay) within one minute in a ten minute contest.

Ramoo (Kolhapur) beat Ramatniker (Bombay) within three minutes in a ten minute contest.

Makhbool Hussain (Bombay) beat Shanker Yenpeker (Bombay) in the fifth minute of a five minutes contest.

Atmaram Vithoba (Bombay) drew with Shanker Antoo (Bombay) in five minute contest.

Anna Chinchlekar (Bombay) beat Narain (Bombay) within five minutes in twelve minute contest.

Maruti Sarkari (Bombay) beat Vishnoo Chandak (Bombay) within two minutes in a seven minute contest.

TABLE TENNIS IN INDIA HAS MADE VAST IMPROVEMENT

Barna And Bergmann Arrive In Madras

MADRAS, October 24 (P.T.I.).

British table tennis international Victor Barna, five times world singles champion, told "P.T.I." today that the standard of the game in India had vastly improved since his previous visit to this country in 1938.

The 38-year-old Hungarian, now domiciled in England, arrived in Madras this morning from Colombo accompanied by Mrs. Barna and Richard Bergmann. The visitors will open their tour of India with exhibition matches here from October 26. The Madras programme will conclude with the first "unofficial test" between England and India fixed for October 30.

Barna who had occasion to see the 1946-47 Indian Swaythling Cup players in action in the British Championships said that the improvement in the Indian standard was possibly due to the sound basis on which the game was organised now.

Asked whether he favoured professionalism in table tennis, Barna replied that the question never arose as the International Table Tennis Federation did not differtiate between professionals and amateurs and just call them "players".

The present method of deciding the world champion on the knock-out basis was rather unfair, declared Barna and Geigman. At true world champion could only be found by the last eight in a world championship playing each other, for, there was very hardly any difference among the world's first eight.

They considered Vana and Andreadis of Czechoslovakia, Leach and Bergmann of Britain, Sido and Koczian of Hungary, Miles and Reisman of United States as the world's best.

On the prospects of the coming world table tennis Championships at Budapest, Bergmann said that England, Hungary, Czechoslovakia and United States had equal chances and said that amongst these would rest the world crown for the next ten years.

Regarding the English team for the world contest Bergmann said that Johnny Leach and himself would be automatic choices. He added that if Barna decided to play he would, of course, be selected.

Barna thought that competitive age in table tennis was between 24 and 32. At the moment more than a million were taking to the game and the following was tremendous. In Great Britain alone there were 200,000 registered club players.

Bergmann said that the game had made amazing strides during the last fifteen years. People today played a waiting game unlike in the past. They did not give much away and the attack was decisive. This he said, was probably due to the alteration made in the height of net. Until 1938 it was 6-3/4 inches but at the moment it was reduced to six inches.

DIVAR ENTER SEMIFINAL

BOMBAY, Monday.

Divar Association United moved into the semi-final round of the B.G.A.A. Championship at the expense of Cuncolim Union at the Brabourne Stadium on Monday evening. Divar now meet the Young Aryans in the semi-final round.

Cuncolim Union put up a plucky display against great odds. Playing without their star defender a Vaidya, the defence had weakened to a great extent, and Cuncolim found it difficult to cope up with the speedy attack of Divar whose forwards made repeated moves in attack. Divar however did not have an easy time, as Cuncolim as usual played a robust and fast game and had Divar at times defending hard to avoid a score. L. Rego and Cajetan Fernandes obtained both the Divar's goals.

Earlier two games were decided in the Boys Championship. In the first game, Federation of Novas Conquistas gained victory over C. Alvares, Eleven by a solitary goal, but after the game C. Alvares protested against the Federation for playing an unauthorised player which protest was upheld on evidence and C. Alvares were awarded the match. In the second match, Siolim beat Hurricane S. C. also by a solitary goal scored by J. Mascarenhas.

BOXING IS NOW IN DANGER OF BECOMING BRUTAL SPORT

Vatican Paper's Bitter Attack On Boxing Following Italian's Death

(From Vernon Morgan Reuter's Sports Editor).

LONDON, Oct. 23. (PTI-Reuter): Demands for new legislation and stricter medical supervision in boxing may be sequel to the two recent deaths of boxers following fight in the United States.

The death roll in boxing, as far as can be ascertained totals 50 in four years, and the noble art is in danger of becoming known as a brutal sport "As sacrifice on the ring-altar of the most brutal game that "sport" has ever imagined and adopted", is how the Vatican City newspaper, Obscrvatore Romano, described boxing in a bitter attack following the death of Italian Enrico Bertola.

"Boxing teaches to adore force, to esteem the stronger, to honour the blow which strikes, befogs and crushes the brain", the newspaper added.

Within a week of the two recent ring fatalities, the French Boxing Federation put into practice suggestions made in the United States last year to safeguard boxers from unnecessary physical hurt.

One is that a boxer knocked down must stay down for a count of eight, and the other that a boxer who is knocked out must not engage in another contest for a month.

The stay-down count was suggested by the Pennsylvania State Boxing Commission last year, while in the Massachusetts Legislature a bill was introduced to bar boxer from participating in a bout for a period of 30 days after being knocked out.

These rulings, which the French Federation made effective immediately, have much to commend them. The first may be open to abuse by the not so courageous boxers, but it will certainly teach the inexperienced boxers the value of taking a long count after a knockdown. The month's rest clause is humane and medically sound.

In the United States, the Michigan Boxing Commissioner, Floyd Stevens, tried to experiment at a boxing tournament, this week, of allowing the boxers one and a half minutes rest between the rounds instead of the customary one minute.

Stevens said he would recommend the plan to the National Boxing Association, rulers of the sport in all states except New York.

There have been eight boxing fatalities in the United States this year. Three others, in Australia, Mexico and England have been recorded.

Fifteen boxers died following bouts in 1946, ten in 1947, and fourteen in 1948.

CAMBRIDGESHIRE STAKES

Probables, Jockeys And Weights For Tomorrow

LONDON, Oct. 24 (PTI-Reuter).

There are forty-five probable starters for the Cambridgeshire running over one mile one furlong at Newmarket on Wednesday.

They are with weights and jockeys. Sterode, 9.4 (E. C. Elliot); Valdelair, 8-12 (T Burn); Bel Amour Two, 8-10 (No jockey); Silver Gate 8-10, (C. S. Mirke); Welsh Honey, 8-9 (W. Rickaby); Stormy Petrel, 8-8 (E. Smith); Yellow Idol, 8-7 (P. Maher), Moondust, 8-6, (G. Richards); Pretence 8-6 (T. Lowrey); Sandastre, 8-5 (P. Evans); Hornet Three, 8-5 (No Jockey); Roc Dudiable 8-4 (W. Johnstone); Hyperble, 8-4 (M. Beary); Ballymacad, 8-2 (W. H. Carr); Black Pampas, 8-1 (E. Britt); Signalman, 8-0 (K. Gethin); Normanton 7-12 (N. Nevett); Melan Two, 7-12 (S. Wragg), Lusigneul (R. Rochett); Kilbelin (S. Clayton); Good Taste (D. Smith); Persian Book (W. T. Evans) all 7-11; Courier, 7-10 (G. Littlewood); Xerxes (W. Snaith); Three Weeks (C. Richards), Double Desi (R. Sheppared) all 7-9; Scorned (F. Barlow); Somali (No Jockey); Meysey Hampton (J. Doyle) all 7-8; Laverstoke 7-5 (No Jockey); Par Figures 7-4 (A. Holloway); Starpoint, 7-3 (J. Dyson); Chakita, 7-3 (D. Greening); Gaudelupe, 7-2 (J. Sirett); Bear Dance, 7-2 (J. Walker), Legion Lass, 7-0 (W Cox); Sun Flame, 7-0 (R. Reader); Orphean, 6-13 (A. Carson). The Squire, 6-13 (No Jockey); Pekin Way (T Carter); Prince Rupert (L. Piggott) and Chanter (G. Greathurst) all 6-12; Brink (H. Redgrave); Freddy (M. J. Egan) and Rahshas (P. Tomlin) all 6-11.

Argentine Team Wins International Polo Title

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 23 (PTI-Reuter): The Argentine Military Team won the International Polo Tournament here when they scored their third successive victory beating Chile 10-7 in the last match of the series.

A large crowd including Mr. Jamshed B. Vesugar Indian Ambassador, watched this final game.

The Argentine Indian Ambassador, runners up in the torunament with two wins. Britain took third place with one victory while Chile, without a win, finished fourth and last.

SPORTS JOTTINGS

By R. C. H. Carter

Robot Bowler

Cricket has now a mechanical bowler worked off batteries that can send down balls from slow to medium fast, pitched on any length desired and with if required, an off or leg break. Its cost is £250.

Gaekwar's Horses At Newmarket Sales

Buying and selling are two different propositions as the Gaekwar of Baroda has discovered at the recent Newmarket sales.

The five horses he put into the sale were knocked down for the rather meagre aggregate of 3,360 guineas. As yearlings they cost him 34,500 guineas.

The Gaekwar has once again changed the trainer of his horses.

Finlay For Empire Games?

Donald Finlay seems likely to go to New Zealand for the Empire Games. He won the Empire Games 100 yards hurdles in 1934. To win again he would have to beat the Australian Peter Gardner, with his 14. 1 sec. record. The Women's A.A.A. have chosen six women athletes for the Games—two married and one about to be married, among them. Whether all the six will be able to go appears a little doubtful.

★ ★ ★

Frank Edwards, Stourbridge builder and amateur billiards champion, leaves with his wife by air on November 29 for his billiards tour in India.

Aga Khan's Crack Two-Year-Olds Disappoint

The past week has not been a lucky time for the Aga Khan, who has seen his two crack two-year-olds defeated by, in one case, a comparatively unknown candidate and in the other by a filly from across the Channel. Maybe Palestine was not at his best. But a one-and-a-half length defeat in the Middle Park Stakes of six furlongs rather suggests that stamina will not be Palestine's strong point next year and this may well affect his classic future.

Diableretta made a much better showing than Palestine in her race with M. Boussac's Corejads in the Cheveley Park Stakes. The race was given against her by a head after the judge had called for the photo-finish. Had Gordon Richards on Diableretta made his last effort a little earlier the result might have been different. Anyway Diableretta was not disgraced.

Palestine's victor, Masked Knight, is a half-brother to the Irish classic horse Sabreur and is a fine looking colt who seems likely to steal the limelight next season.

The Royal-owned steeplechaser Monaveen, belonging jointly to the Queen and Princess Elisabeth and running in the latter's colours, beat his two rivals in the three-mile Chichester Handicap much to the delight of the racing crowd and the Princess. Monaveen is certain to be a popular fancy for the Grand National next year.

Motor Race To Be Revived After Lapse Of Twelve Years

CAR CRASHING AMONG SPECTATORS IN 1936 HAD STOPPED TOURIST TROPHY RACE

LONDON, October 24 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The Royal Automobile Club will revive the Tourist Trophy Motor Race next September after a lapse of 12 years.

They have secured a date on the International Calendar for September 16, 1950. And the event will be held on the New Dundrod Course, near Belfast Thus, after fourteen years, the race returns to Ulster, where the series terminated in 1936 after a serious accident

The Government of Northern Ireland and the Antrim County Council have already spent a considerable sum of money in putting the course which is a completely new one, into racing condition.

The course, which begins on the Antrim Aide of Belfast is a seven miles circuit, and passes through no villages. It goes through the hills and heather country behind Belfast, and is regarded as being admirably suited for motor racing.

The Tourist Trophy Race was held in Northern Ireland from 1928 until 1936 when eight spectators were killed and twelve injured as the result of a car going into the crowd at Newtonards on the Ards Circuita. The Town County Council decided that since they could not guarantee the safety of spectators they could not allow the race to be held there again.

The race originated in 1905 in the Isle of Man where it was run for four years in succession. Then came a lapse of six years until 1914, followed by another break owing to the First World War. The race took place again in the Isle of Man in 1922 but another break followed.

When the series was resumed in 1928 the venue was changed to the Ards Circuit where it took place every year until 1936, when the accident occurred.

In 1937 and 1938 the race was run at Donnington Park Derbyshire, but the Second World War intervened and it has not been held since.

In 1907 and 1922 two different class races were held at the same time making 19 races in all. British cars have been successful on fourteen occasions, France three times and Italy and Germany once each.

Early in the history of the event the race was won at an average speed of just over 28 miles per hour, while later cars won with averages approaching eighty miles per hour.

As in the past the race will be confined to sports cars— superchargers were barred after the 1933 race — and next year should see a fine tussle between the latest post-war machines. British, French and Italian cars, driven by aces from different countries are expected to make a strong entry.

GAP BETWEEN PROS AND AMATEURS LESSENING IN ENGLISH CRICKET

Amateurs With Other Jobs To Be Compensated For Loss Of Revenue For Playing Cricket

LONDON, Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter)—The gap between cricket professionals and cricket amateurs in Britain is gradually lessening judging by certain happenings in the world of cricket.

First, the M.C.C. are said to be seriously considering paying any amateurs who may be chosen to go to Australia next year the same cash sum as the professionals.

Second, there is a further move to the appointment of Denis Compton, a professional, as captain of the Middlesex team next season to place George Mann, who is not likely to be available.

Third, Somerset have advertised for a captain-secretary with a salary of not less than £750 a year excluding expenses.

All three point towards giving professionals the responsibilities and status of amateurs and towards giving amateurs a chance of competing in first class cricket on the same footing as professionals.

There is little doubt that at present the cost of cricket to amateurs is a severe hindrance to their taking the game very seriously. It is not so much that they want to make money out of the sport, as is the case with professionals, but at least of preventing it costing them anything.

The present time with money so short, very few amateurs can afford to play cricket all the year round which they would have to do if they were good enough to tour abroad during the winter.

There are some exceptions, such as the salaried secretaries like Trevor Bailey of Essex and S.C. Griffith of Sussex who play as amateurs and yet make their livelihood out of the game as do the professional players.

By and large, however, it is money which is responsible for the paucity of first class cricket amateurs, men really good enough to captain England on merit.

Somerset are yet another county seeking a secretary to play for them but it is understood that they do not stipulate he must be an amateur although this is inferred. Incidentally neither Bailey nor Griffith is captain of Essex or Sussex.

If the M.C.C. do pay the amateurs, there are still likely to be two classes of cricketers, professionals and amateurs. The new dividing line would be those who are paid solely to play cricket for a team and make a living out of it, and those who have other jobs, in cricket or outside it, whose payment from cricket only compensates them for loss of revenue.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel.

4-00 p.m. G.I.P. 'A' vs. B.E.S.T. S.C. (Satiranjan Shield).

5-00 p.m. Indian Gymkhana vs. Bombay Amateurs (Satiranjan Shield).

Brabourne Stadium.

3-00 p.m. C.C.I. Boys vs. C. Alvares (Boys Championship).

4-00 Colva S.C. vs. Divar Assn. United (Ave Maria Cup).

5-00 Cuncolim vs. Young Aryans (Ave Maria Cup).

TABLE TENNIS

Times of India Sports Club

5-30 p.m. Women's Singles first and second rounds lower half.

6-30 p.m. Men's Singles first and second round of third and fourth quarters.

WRESTLING

Azad Maidan

8-00 p.m. to 11-00 p.m. Akhil Bharatia Sarirk Vikas Sangh exhibition wrestling.

R

SALT.

SALT is available at all the Government Grain Shops for the consumers in the Bombay rationed area. You can purchase any quantity of salt at the rate of four annas six pies per payiee at any Government Grain Shop.

ABIDING FAITH IN U. N'S WORK FOR PEACE

Pledge At City Meeting

BOMBAY, Monday.

REPRESENTATIVES of many nations reiterated their faith in the United Nations and pledged to work for the cause of peace, at a United Nations Day organised by the Institute of Foreign Languages, at the Menkwa Building, Outram Road, this evening. Members of Consular Corps in Bombay were among the distinguished visitors who participated in the function.

Mr. C. H. Timberlake, Consul-General for the United States in Bombay addressing the gathering said that the United Nations had served the people of the world very well in its infancy and it could continue to grow if it had proper care and nourishment, so that in years to come, it might increasingly discharge the high purpose for which it had been brought to birth.

"Today, as we meet together to celebrate the U. N. Day, most of us, know that the bright hope of four years ago has been dimmed in the eyes of many of the world's people. The disillusionment increased due to major political disagreements between the great powers, which are still not yet resolved, delays in the signing of peace treaties, armament races, continuing of bloodshed in many areas of the world, major economic dislocation, and continuing of human misery," the Consul said.

A WORLD ACHIEVEMENT

"No man-made instrument is perfect," he remarked and added that the U. N. Charter was not perfect and was not able to guarantee peace among nations. "It is rather a statement of objectives and a pledge to seek these objectives on the part of all member nations. The very birth of the organisation, is in itself, one of the greatest international achievements".

It was not surprising, Mr. Timberlake said that in the international field there were doubts and disagreements among nations. The U. N. Charter was not conceived as a static code but as a dynamic set of generally accepted ideals, he added.

In the course of an inaugural speech Rt. Rev. W. Q. Lash, Bishop of Bombay said that the U. N. was a young organisation and it could not be expected to perform miracles. He said that mankind should realise the oneness of humanity.

Reiterating faith on behalf of the French people, Monsieur H. de Limairac, Consul for France said that it was wrong to accuse the U. N. for the wrongs of the world. The U. N. was a living organisation.

Mr. William G. Graham, a British citizen pointed out the limitations of the U. N. and said it should represent not governments of the world, but the people.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi speaking on the occasion said that the faith expressed by Pandit Nehru recently in the United Nations was not his faith alone, it was the faith of the politically conscious India.

"We believe in the U.N." she opined, "not as a matter of expediency, not as an attempt to manoeuvre ourselves into an advantageous position in world affairs; we believe in the U. N. as a result of abiding principles of non-violence which the Father of our Nation-Gandhiji taught us, though for the moment we apprehend to have suffered for it."

KASHMIR MUDDLE

In the matter of Kashmir, she said most of us believe that from a realistic point of view we would have been better off if we had not gone to the U. N. India had been bound hand and foot. India had suffered all its consequences because she believed that the peace in the world and the progress of humanity solely depended upon the success which the U.N. could achieve in replacing the old methods of diplomacy and war by persuasion and reason. If anything India had gained from the U.N., it was very little, Mrs. Munshi observed.

In war, in the present days as in the old days, she said women suffered the most. The consequences of wars were all borne by mothers, wives and children—more in their destitution, in their heart-breaks, in their desolation. The U.N. should continue not only to be a forum of world's political rights and obligations, but it should mobilise the public opinion in all the countries of the world as that its disapproval would count more than the fear of atom bombs.

Later, the gathering was treated with a selected programme of songs, dances and recitals.

No Mirage, Says Mac

TOKYO, Oct. 24. (PTI-Reuter): General MacArthur, Supreme Allied Commander in Japan, said today that the United Nations was no mirage but a realistic organisation. He said he could seek no greater reward for the burden of his office than for the United Nations to become of "fervant concern and active interest of every Japanese.

Japan must join the United Nations and do her share in the maintenance of world peace as soon as she is rehabilitated as a member of the "family of nations", the Prime Minister, Shigeru Yoshida, said today.

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BOMBAY 2.

FAITH IN U. N. REITERATED

Morrison At London Celebrations

LONDON, Oct. 24. (PTI-Reuter): Only nineteen of the 59 countries in the United Nations organisation were represented at the fourth birthday celebrations in London today. India was represented by her High Commissioner, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Pakistan by Begum Rahimtoola, wife of the High Commissioner who is indisposed.

The pale blue flag "symbol of unity among nations", was hoisted by Mr. Herbert Morrison, Lord President of the Council in a cold and wind-swept cremony outside the country hall.

He said that despite many disappointments, it was nevertheless true that there had never been in the history of the world so potent an instrument for world peace as now existed in the United Nations organisation.

"When we have been disappointed", added Mr. Morrison, "it has possibly been because we failed to realise that it was comprised of human minds with all their faults and fears.

"The United Nations has had success, and every success, however small, takes our world a step nearer to peace and human happiness".

ANDHRA P. C. C. FREE

Ranga Denies Reports

NEW DELHI, Oct. 24. (PTI): Prof. N. G. Ranga, President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, said in a statement here today that the Andhra P. C. C. would be "entirely free" to give its "unfettered consideration" to the proposition whether to have or not to have an Andhra Province immediately in terms of the Jawaharlal-Vallabhbhai-Pattabhi report.

He denied a report published in a section of the Delhi Press that he had received a "directive" to "give a lead to the Andhra P. C. C." for approving the J. V. P. report.

Prof. Ranga stated that he had not agreed to the latest decision of the Congress Working Committee on the question of formation of an Andhra Province based on the J. V. P. report but added: "I am anxious that every member of the Andhra P. C. C. should give his dispassionate and statesman-like consideration to this issue at this crucial hour".

Distribution Of Timber

NEW DELHI, Oct. 24.

The Indian Standards Institution has prepared a draft Indian standard classification of commercial timber and their zonal distribution.

For the purpose of this standard, India has been divided into five zones keeping in view the political divisions of the country, the principal timber consuming centres and the forest areas which feed them. The draft details the zonal distribution of all the common commercial timbers in India, classified according to their suitability for various categories of uses. In addition to trade names, botanical names and local names of commercial timbers in the several zones are given. A convenient map outlining the five zones is included.

It is hoped that this classification would enable purchasing agencies to select for their requirements the appropriate species of timber for the nearest convenient localities.

In accordance with the procedure of the Indian Standards Institution, every draft standard prepared by a Sectional Committee or sub-committee, after its approval by the the Sectional Committee, is to be issued in proof form for a period to be determined by the Committee, but less than three months and widely circulated amongst those likely to be interested for the purpose of securing critical review and, suggestions for improvement. Comments received from all quarters shall be given due consideration by the Sectional Committee; and the final draft will then be put up to the Division Council for endorsement. Before being finally accepted as an Indian standard, it must be approved by the Executive Committee and the General Council of the Institution.

This draft has been widely circulated to members of the Institution interested in this field and to other industrialists and technologists concerned. Other interested parties may obtain copies from the Director, Indian Standards Institution, Block 11, Old Secretariat, Delhi 2, India. Comments on this draft standard will be received by the Director till January 15, 1950.

CO-ORDINATION OF LAND AND PEOPLE

India's Great Need, Says Patil

NEW DELHI, Oct 24. (UPI): A definite assertion that if there was real co-ordination between the land and the people, then India would solve her food problem much earlier than expected, was made yesterday by Mr. R. K. Patil, Food Commissioner, Govt. ernment of India inaugurating the seed sowing ceremony in a 60-acre land, adjacent to the Rajghat Samadhi of Gandhi, organised by the Delhi Peasants Multipurpose Co-operative Society.

Mr. Patil said that in India there was no dearth of land and men, the only difficulty was that of proper co-ordination between the two.

India's real power and strength, added Mr. Patil, did not lie in dollars neither did it lie in machinery, her real power lay in her manpower.

Mr. Patil said that the general conception was that the income from agriculture was much less than that from trade, industry and other types of work. But in India, where 80 per cent of the population were agriculturists, and where agriculture formed the fundamental basis of their social and economic structure they must reverse this economic conception.

Representative Of World Bank

NEW DELHI, Oct. 24. (PTI): Mr. C. Engert, Representative of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development in India and the Middle East, arrived in Delhi on a routine visit.

He is expected to see the Finance Minister, Dr. John Matthai, and officials of the Finance Ministry. Mr. Engert will return to his headquarters at Cairo after a stay of two or three days.

20th Century-Fox Chief To Visit India

One of the great leaders of the film industry, Mr. Emanuel Silverstone, Vice-President of 20th Century-Fox International Corporation, will visit this country soon. Mr. Silverstone, we learn, is expected to arrive in Bombay by plane on October 25.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Quiet Trend

CALCUTTA, October 24. (PTI): The market experienced further quiet with regard to the speculative counters due to selling pressure while other stocks remain quiet and unchanged.

Following are today's final transactions upto 3-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: 3 p.c. Loan 1986 97/2, 3 p.c. 1957 101/3, 3 p.c. Loan 1959/61 100/12/6, 3 p.c. Loan 1970/75 99/14 S.L. 4 p.c. Loan 1960/70 110/4 S.L.

BANKS: Calcutta National 12/8 Imperial (fully paid) 1712/8. Ditto conty 417/12.

COTTONS: New Victoria pref. 4/8 S.L.

COALS: Bharat Colliery 6/10, Dhemo main 13, South Karanpura 90/2.

JUTES: Anglo-India 199, Barnagore 200, Howrah 26/6.

MISCELLANEOUS: Indian Copper 2/6, Karanpura Dev 26/13, Sone Valley Cement 5/3 Calcutta Electric 16/7, Braithwaite & Co. 7/14, Burn & Co. ordy 265, Kumardhubi Eng. 8 3, Indian Iron 28, National Iron 4/14, Saran Eng. 7/14, Textile Machinery 7/7, Steel Corp. 19/9, Alluminium Corp. 5/7, B.I.C. 8, F & C Osler 5/1, Indian Cable 38/8, Martin Burn 16/4, National Tobacco 16/12, National Safe Deposit 3/12, Mysore Paper 10 cum. div., India General Navgn. 108, India Steamship 7/12.

SUGARS: Belsund 4, Ramnugger Cane 13/10.

TEAS: Banarhat 276, Choonabhutti 260 c.t., Dhunseri 7/9, Hantapara 211 S.L. (cum. div.), Sonai River 9/10.

On account of the death of Sri Gaya Prasad Chaturvedi of Messrs. Gunga Prasad Chaturvedi and as a mark of respect to him the hall of the Association will be closed at 2-30 p.m. tomorrow the 25th October 1949.

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Oct. 22.

T.T. LONDON on:	
New York	2.7987 to 2.8012
Montreal	3,0775 to 3.0825
Zurich	12.23 to 12.26
Sweden	14.47 to 14.50

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Oct 22.

December	2.13-5
March	2.14-3/8
May	2.09-1/8
July	1.94-1/4

City Markets

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 24.

The local bullion market was open today for about 15 minutes and owing to some domestic, trading was suspended as some members wanted holiday.

The Reserve Bank sold 200 bars of silver at Rs. 167-9 and 500 tolas of gold at Rs. 114-8.

The market opened steady and Kartak delivery was quoted at Rs. 167-12 but declined at Rs. 167-8. Ready silver was also quoted at Rs. 167-8.

Kartak delivery gold opened at Rs. 113-2 and ready gold was quoted at Rs. 115-4.

The market closed at 2 p.m. as under:—

Ready Silver	167	8	0
Kartak Dely.	167	8	0
Ready Gold	115	4	0
Kartak Dely.	113	2	0
Sovereigns	78	0	0

Share Bazar Closed

BOMBAY, Oct. 24.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was officially open today but no business was transacted as mark of respect of death to Jain Guru. Nominally Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1430 to Rs. 1435.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Oct. 24.

Trading was suspended today in the local cotton market. Nominal quotation for May delivery was Rs. 616-8.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 24.

The produce market was steady today with a small improvement in quotations.

Groundnuts old crop quality nominal quotation Rs. 45-4.

New crop quality ready railway receipt Rs. 42-12 and Bazar terms Rs. 215. November delivery was quoted at Rs. 39-6 and December Rs. 37-8.

Bold old crop ready Rs. 44-10 and Bazar terms Rs. 222 new crop December was quoted at Rs. 36-10 and January Rs. 36-2.

Groundnut oil Bombay mills was quoted at Rs. 25-12. Upcountry Rs. 25. October Rs. 24. November Rs. 22 and December Rs. 20-2.

Linseed was quoted at Rs. 33-12 and Satna was placed at Rs. 32-2. Castorseeds ready were quoted at Rs. 26.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

BOMBAY, October 24.

Cotton bales	2540
Groundnuts cwts.	802
Castorseeds cwts.	18
Linseed cwts.	2536
Tilseed cwts.	780
Cottonseed swts	325
Poppyseed cwts.	1408
Gram cwts.	389
Sugar cwts.	432
Rice cwts.	2651

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Oct. 24.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	12	0
2 1|2 per cent 1961	96	6	0
2 1|2 per cent 1960	99	6	0
2 3/4 per cent, 1962	99	0	0
2 3/4 per cent 1978	96	0	0
3 per cent non terminable	97	2	0
3 per cent Con.	97	2	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	11	0
3 per cent 1952-55	101	15	0
3 per cent 1957	101	5	0
3 per cent 1959-61	100	13	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	2	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	1	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1|2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	102	0	0
4 1|2 per cent 1958-60	x10	8	0
4 1|2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
3 per cent Bombay 1962	98	13	0
2 3|4 per cent C. P. 1961	97	0	0
2 3|4 per cent Madras 1961	97	0	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	6	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1953	98	2	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-68	99	12	0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	99	0	0
4 per cent B.P.T. long dated	109	12	0
4 per cent Bombay Muni.	109	8	0
5 p.c. Bombay Muni. 1959	114	0	0
6 per cent Bom. Municipality 1954	113	8	0
6 per cent K. P. T. 1956	113	12	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100	0	0

PEPPER PRICES

BOMBAY, October 24.

Magsar delivery	2530	to	2550
Posh delivery	2510	to	2530

HESSIAN MARKET

BOMBAY, October 24.

45 x II	Pics		
Ready	126	1/4	
October-December	127		
January	124	3/4	
D. W. BAGS			
Ready	140	0	0
October-December	133	0	0

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.

December	29.68
March	29 62
May	29.60
July	29.16
Middling spot	30.23

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

December	29.68
March	29.60
May	29 55
July	29.07
Middling spot	29.20

New York Cotton December Highest 29.75 at 10.00 Lowest 29.68 at 12 p.m.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 24.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1 5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D D. 1/6 3/32 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 5/32 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying. 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th—9th Month.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs 478 1/4. Montreal Rs. 435

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4. Montreal Rs. 435

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 474 3/4. Montreal 431 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1.2. Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C. Montreal Rs. 430 1/2 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T D. D. Rs. 84.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 156 1/2.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 1/2.

New York/London Cross Rate $2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4. London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65, London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 35. London Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10. London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 7/8-1/2 31/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 90.20 London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65. London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 80.35. London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 5.60-5.65. London Montreal Cross Rate $3.07 3/4-3.08 1/4. London/New York Cross Rate $2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8. London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02. London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. 141. London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4-2/4 1/8. London Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 12.23-12.26.

London Discts 3 Mos. 5/8 p.c. London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money: Call 3/4 per cent. 3 Mos. 1 per cent, 6 Mos. 1-1/4 per cent, 12 Mos 1-1/2 per cent.

Tone: Easy.

Madras Share Market

MADRAS, Oct. 24. (PTI): Following are today's quotations in Stock Exchange:—

SECURITIES: Government of India Loans three per cent paper 97, Three per cent 1966-68, 99-14. Government of Travancore three per cent 1952-54, 100-12, Government of Madras three per cent 1956 100-8, Three per cent 1960 100.

BANKS: Travancore 13-4.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: (XD) can 15-10, Mysore 40-12.

PLANTINGS: Chembras (X D) 4-6, Ouchterlony 5-6, Pullangode 1-2, Thirumbadi 1-11-6, T. R. and T. Co. 5-10, Vaikundam 5-8, Waterfall 2-6.

TEXTILES: Balasubramnia 38-4, Bangalore Woolen 211, Buckingham 139, Cambodia 10-8, Coimbatore CM 117-8, Coimbatore Pioneer 125, Coimbatore Spg. 44-12, Janardhana 49-8, Lakshmi 62, Madura 38, Mettur 318-8, Pankaja 86, Radha Krishna 144, Rajalakshmi 56, Trav. Rayons 4-3, Trichinopoly 9-14, Vasantha 100.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 69, F.A.C.T. 4-8, India Cement 17-9, Mettur Chem. 6-8, Mysore Chem. and Ferts 7-11, Mysore Paper 9-13, Spencer 10-10.

STOCKS

American Telephone and Telegraph	143-3/4
Amerex Holding Co.	32
Anaconda Copper Mining	28-1/8
Chase National Bank	35-3/4
Firestone Tyre	46-1/4
General Electric	37-1/4
General Motors	65-1/2
Ingersol Rand	69
International Nickel of Canada "A"	29
National City Bank of New York	43-3/4
New York Central Rail Road	10-1/4
Sinclair Oil	23-1/2
Socony Vacuum Corporation	17
Texas Corporation	62-5/8
Union Carbide	40-1/2
U.S. Smelting & Refining	36-1/2 bid
U.S. Steel Common	24-1/4
Western Telegraph	17-1/8

The volume of business on the New York Stock Exchange was 360,000 shares. The highest and lowest U.S. Steel Trading prices were 24-1/4 and 24-1/8 respectively.

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, Oct. 22.

Australian wheat f.o.b. (bulk) 128 (new crop) Dec.-January.

BELGAUM, Oct. 24. (PTI): The 11th session of the All-India Bee-Keepers' Conference and the Bee Exhibition will be held at Nandgad in Belgaum district for three days from December 2, 1949.

Dr. J. C. Kumarappa will preside over the Conference. Messrs. Vaikunthlal Mehta, M. P. Patil and Naik Nimbalkar, Ministers of the Bombay Government will also attend the functions.

TRUMAN CALLS FOR ATOM CONTROL

Development Of Backward Countries Necessary For Peace

NEW YORK, Oct. 24 (PTI-Reuter).

PRESIDENT TRUMAN today called for the control of atomic weapons, respect for human rights and the promotion of economic development as requisites for a better world.

He was speaking at the laying of the cornerstone of the new 65,000,000 dollars United Nations Headquarters here, jointly with the celebration of the fourth anniversary of the Atlantic Charter. The building will cover 17 acres and its 39 stories will be faced with aluminium, glass and marble.

GOOD AND ONLY PLAN

Mr. Truman said the plan for the international control of atomic energy, worked out by the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission, was a good plan.

"It is the only plan so far developed that would meet the technical requirements of control, that would make prohibition of atomic weapons effective, and at the same time promote the peaceful development of atomic energy on a co-operative basis.

"We support this plan and will continue to support it unless and until a better and more effective plan is put forward. To assure that atomic energy will be devoted to man's welfare and not to his destruction is a continuing challenge to all nations and all peoples.

"POINT FOUR"

Referring to his "Point Four' plan of aid to underdeveloped areas, Mr. Truman said here today that at least half of mankind live in dire poverty.

"Hundreds of millions of men, women and children lack adequate food, clothing and shelter. We cannot achieve permanent peace and prosperity in the world until the standard of living in under-developed area is raised."

He said the United States would play its full part in the assistance programme of the United Nations, and added, "I shall urge the Congress when it reconvenes in January to give high priority to proposals that will make possible additional technical assistance and capital investment."

On the world's social progress, Truman said, "The United Nations Charter plainly makes respect for human rights by nations a matter for international concern.

"The member nations have learned from bitter experience that regard for human rights is indispensable to political, economic and social progress.

"They have learned that disregard of human rights is the beginning of tyranny and, too often, the beginning of war."

CHEAPER CEMENT, MORE FOOD

NEW DELHI Oct. 24.

A conference to consider lowering of cement prices is being called here by the Industry and Supply Ministry of the Government of India tomorrow, Dr. Mookerjee will preside.

By lowering cement prices Government expect to give an impetus to the "Grow more food" drive by helping agriculturist to construct more wells, houses and other buildings, it was learned.

REVISION OF PIG IRON PRICES

The Indian Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., announce that on the basis of information received by them from Government on the 17th instant, the effect of the revision of prices consequent upon the recent Tariff Board enquiry will be to reduce, as from the 1st November, 1949, the present selling prices of the Company's Foundry Grades of Iron by Rs. 7/- per ton. The element of freight disadvantage which is now to be Rs. 15/- per ton, does not affect the consumer since it has always been included in the selling price. The Company will continue to sell on a port price basis and to charge freight from the nearest port to destination at public tariff rate.

With effect from the 1st November, 1949, the prices of Burn Foundry Pig Iron will be as follows:

F. O. R. CALCUTTA.
BOMBAY & MADRAS

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NEHRU HITS PAKISTAN

(Continued from Page 1)

crease the food supply for them at home."

A large part of the press conference was taken up with a review by Pandit Nehru of the Kashmir problem in which, he said, it was beginning to appear that mediation would be the only hope of solution.

He said India could not accept Pakistan's treatment of Kashmir as a religious rather than a political issue. If that were accepted, he said, it would upset the delicate balance all over India and Pakistan.

Pandit Nehru accused Pakistan of "making a continual appeal to the grossest type of religious bigotry" to Kashmir's Muslims and maintained that "Pakistan's armies have no business there."

Indian troops were in Kashmir "legally, constitutionally and by invitation of the people" to protect them. India had accepted the principle of allowing the people of Kashmir to decide for themselves which country they wish to join—but under certain conditions.

WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS

These included the withdrawal of Pakistan was withdrawing regular troops, but was substituting irregulars under her direct command, he stressed. No plebiscite was possible until this situation was cleared up.

Indian Communists had little more than mischief status, but the Communist success in China had boosted their morale, he said.

The question of recognition of a Chinese Communist Government had to be considered in the historical context of an agrarian revolution —a combination which could not be ignored, Pandit Nehru said.

STERLING DEBT

Pandit Nehru said about half of the great sterling debt Britain built up in India during the war has been liquidated. To suggestions that India might ease the burden on Britain in some way, he replied: "Am I going to be generous at the expense of my own improverished people?"

Those debts had been piled up by "tremendous war-time deprivation" of food and other normal needs of the Indian people. One direct result was the loss of 3,000,000 lives in the Bengal famine. Another was inflation.

It was a beautiful day with warm sunshine tempering the early morning chill of autumn. Pandit Nehru drove to the residence of the Indian High Commissioner in company with Mrs. Indira Gandhi and Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai for the press conference.

Seeing the main hall of the tri-colour-decked residence jammed with reporters, Pandit Nehru blithely jumped on to a low window sill and made more room for pressmen to gather round him and asked some of them to squat on the floor.

BACKGROUND

On Kashmir, Pandit Nehru said the subject automatically brought in Pakistan and normally he disliked discussing in other countries India's relations with Pakistan.

After giving a detailed background of the dispute over the Himalayan State, Pandit Nehru said, if Srinagar had fallen to the raiders who came through Pakistan, our Government would not have lasted. The raiders were a motorised force fully armed and, according to our information, assisted by Pakistan forces.

The cry of the raiders was "On to Kashmir" and "On to Delhi". Slogans to that effect were carried on their transports as if that was the first step in their going to Delhi.

"If we had delayed action for a day after the appeal came from Kashmir for interference and accession, the consequences would have been disastrous both to India and Pakistan," Pandit Nehru said.

Pandit Nehru then reviewed the history of United Nations' investigation of the dispute and said India's special request that Pakistan should be prevented from aiding the aggressor had not been dealt with. "One thing is certain", Mr. Nehru said, "India is in Kashmir legally and constitutionally." Pakistan has no standing in Kashmir in any shape or form.

"According to Pakistan's two-nation theory the mental and moral allegiance of the Kashmir people is and must be to Pakistan because the majority of them are Muslims. "We have refused to accept this theory in the past and refuse to accept it today".

NO SHOOTING WAR

Pakistan, Pandit Nehru said, was trying to build up a kind of theocratic State based on the Koran whereas India was trying to develop a secular State. Pakistan was making an appeal "to the grossest form of religious bigotry" by looking at the question from a religious conception of a State, he said.

The Prime Minister added: "The only other way seems to be mediation. What form mediation may take I cannot say. I have repeatedly suggested to Pakistan that both they and we should make a firm declaration that we will not settle the Kashmir question by force. Let us declare that there shall be no shooting war."

But there had been no immediate response to this offer, he said. On the other hand, the Pakistan Press was speaking of a Jehad or Holy War. Such a thing would completely upset the delicate balance on which the structure of India and Pakistan was built.

Nehru To Spend Week In London

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, October 24.

Pandit Nehru who arrives here on November 5, will spend a week in London discussing important matters including the question of retrenchment with India House officials. Besides conferring with British ministers, he is expected to address public meetings.

Nehru Solves A Cabbie's Problem

NEW YORK, Oct. 24 (PTI-Reuter): A photograph of Pandit Nehru wearing a lounge suit and Homburg hat, his arm linked with that of a Boston taxi driver appeared in the New York "Daily News."

The caption read, "A problem is posed. John M. Butler is a Boston cabbie and when he was hailed to drive India's Prime Minister Nehru to the airport, he got a big kick out of it. He would tell his friends. But would they believe him? The Prime Minister solved the problem by posing with him."

Sachar Blames Old Colleagues

"HIGH QUARTERS" ALSO CRITICIZED

SIMLA, Oct. 24. (PTI): Mr. Bhimsen Sachar, the outgoing Premier of East Punjab, in a 100-minute speech in the Provincial Assembly today, said that some of his six-month-old Cabinet, "secessionists" from his group and some other M.L.A's. were responsible for his resignation.

Mr. Sachar was making a statement in explanation of his resignation. There were frequent interruptions and the Speaker had to intervene several times.

Mr. Sachar said his Cabinet colleagues representing minority groups, and their Parliamentary Secretaries "threw all constitutional practices, principles and decorum to winds", when he approached them to ask if they would vote for or against him, remain neutral, he would seek a vote of confidence as instructed by the Central Parliamentary Board. There was no definite answer from any of them, he said.

Mr. Sachar said that his strength and support in the House started dwindling the very day he launched a drive against black market in iron and steel permits.

INQUIRY

Mr. Sachar stated that he had passed orders some days before his resignation for a judicial inquiry into certain allegations against the past and present Ministers, and he had requested the Chief Justice of the Federal Court to spare two Judges of the High Court for the purpose. This was also one of the reasons for incurring displeasure of some of his colleagues.

He urged the Speaker to ask the House to sit "in camera" where he could reveal charges against certain members in case it was not advisable to do it in the open sittting. The attitude displayed by his colleagues he said, was due to the support extended by certain "high quarters".

The new Premier, Dr. Bhargava, said that as a disciplined soldier of the Congress, Mr. Sachar should have faced the Congress Party for securing a "vote of confidence" before tendering his resignation.

Loud cheers greeted Dr. Bhargava's announcement that "if Mr. Sachar's order regarding the holding of a judicial inquiry into alleged complaints against past and present Ministers, is found right, I shall see that it is carried out".

ARE TITO'S MEN OVER-CONFIDENT?

U.S. Diplomats Discuss Situation In London

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, October 24.

Jubilation of Marshal Tito's men at their country's election to the United Nations Security Council, it is feared in London, might have disturbing consequences, because there is danger in that they have grown over-confident and are unable to estimate Moscow's attitude correctly.

The Yugoslav situation in relation to the Soviet is being considered by American diplomats from behind the Iron Curtain, presently holding conference in London. Britain is not taking any part in the conference, but helpful information collected at the talks will be conveyed to the British Foreign Office. Mr. Ernest Bevin, Britain's Foreign Secretary, will meet the diplomats informally.

1,000 Pounds Of Sugar Seized From Mill

BOMBAY, Monday.

Following a raid carried out by the Bombay police on the grain shop of the Madhusudan Mills at Worli, over 1,000 pounds of sugar was seized and two persons were taken into custody today.

The arrested persons, Shashikant Manilal and Mahatre, it is stated, were in charge of the grain shop and said to have failed to declare the sugar stock as required by the recent order of the Bombay Government.

When the police were searching the premises, another 2,000 sugar bags were found, but later they learnt that the bags had already been seized by the Government of India.

The Crime Branch II of the Bombay C. I. D. are making further investigations.

NEHRU STUDIES NIAGARA

Keen Interest

NIAGARA FALLS, Oct. 24, (PTI): PANDIT NEHRU showed interest in the Niagara power house when he visited the famous water falls on his way to Ottawa.

Pandit Nehru, who was flying from New York, was accompanied by Mr. Lester Pearson, Canadian Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and representatives of the Federal and Provincial authorities who had earlier given him a welcome on behalf of the Canadian Government at the Fort Erie end of the Peace Bridge. This bridge symbolises the peaceful relations between the United States and Canada whose 3,000 miles long boundary from east to west is entirely unguarded in the military sense.

Indians living near Niagara Falls also welcomed Pandit Nehru.

The Prime Minister saw the waterfall from the Canadian side first on Saturday night, soon after his arrival from Fort Erie, a distance of about 20 miles which was covered by car.

HYDEL POWER

The party stayed at the General Brock Hotel for the night. On Sunday morning Pandit Nehru dressed in waterproof overalls, boarded a launch called "Maid of the Mist" and had a closer look at the water fall. He later visited the power house.

The development of hydro-electric power is among India's highest priority plans and the Niagara river hydro-Electric plant is an important link in Canada's gigantic hydro-electric power generation system.

Pandit Nehru and his party spent about an hour there. After lunch, they drove 85 miles to Malton airport near Toronto where they boarded a Royal Canadian Air Force Dakota and reached Rockliffs Airport, after a flight of 90 minutes.

FAO MEETING

(Continued from page 1)

Mr. B. J. Surridge, Adviser on Co-operation to Secretary of State for Colonies. Pakistan was represented by Dr. S A. Hussain and Australia and Ceylon by Mr. I. F. S. Hall and Mr. E. J. Cooray respectively.

Dr. Raymond W. Miller, Dr. Horace Belshaw and Dr. G. L. Kesteven were present on behalf of the F.A.O.

After the Governor's inaugural address, the U.P. Premier, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, took the chair at the request of the Secretary-General, Dr. H. Belshaw.

GOVERNOR'S WELCOME

Welcoming the delegates "to this historic city of Lucknow", Sir Homi Modi declared that the co-operative idea was of particular importance to Asian countries, with their predominantly agricultural economy. He said the scope of the co-operative movement in Asian countries is simply enormous. Apart from its potentialities for the improvement of agriculture and small-scale industry, it would have the effect of uplifting the masses in a way which no other agency can achieve. It would teach them the value of self-help, self-discipline and co-operative endeavour. Freedom would thus have a meaning for the masses of people.

Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, Minister for Food and Agriculture, Government of India, and Mr. Norris E. Dodd, Director-General, F.A.O., sent messages which were read out.

The Director-General, F.A.O., in his message said: "A fundamental step towards the further development of sound co-operative programme in countries in Asia and the Far East is an exchange of information, experience and judgment among active workers in this field.

"Some months ago I had the privilege of visiting many countries throughout Asia and the Far East. It seemed to me that education to persuade people to adopt improvements and the development of co-operatives to strengthen the efforts of farmers and fishermen and artisans by mutual aid were among the most potent weapons which could be used in the attack on low production and poverty."

Mr. V. L. Mehta, leader of the Indian Delegation, was unanimously elected permanent Chairman of the F.A.O. Conference on Co-operatives in Asia and the Far East.

Mr. Mehta's name was proposed by the leader of the United Kingdom delegation, Mr. B. J. Surridge, and seconded by the leader of the French Delegation, Mr. H. A. G. Moreau.

The announcement of election was received with cheers from all sections of the Conference representative of seven countries and four international organisations.

The Conference adjourned till 9-30 tomorrow morning.

AN ARTICLE OF FAITH

Pandit Pant disclosed that there were altogether over one lakh co-operatives in India. He said: "We in India are a young democracy, anxious to learn ways and means of making the most of the energies of our very large population. Co-operation with us has to be a way of life and an article of faith."

The representatives from Australia and Ceylon conveyed the greetings of their countries to the conference.

Mr. Hall (Australia) said that his country had made good progress in the co-operative movement. His country was interested in future co-operative position and the possibilities of future development in respective countries."

Mr. Mehta who was earlier elected Chairman, addressing the conference, said: "Those who have assembled here have a firm belief in the potency of the co-operative creed as a force which can enable us to lay the foundations of a new democratic and social order consistent with our adherence to the teachings of Mahatma Gandhi who always advised us to practise truth and non-violence in all spheres of life.

"It is true that this is an international conference and not devoted to the consideration of problems of Indian agricultural organisation and economy. That we are in an Indian setting can be no apology. But problems of agricultural organisation are essentially similar and not the same in all countries with backward economy."

UNITED NATIONS DAY IN BOMBAY

The United Nations Day was celebrated in Bombay in the Convocation Hall of the Bombay University. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay presided. Photo shows Mr. Kher addressing on the occasion.

U. N. IDEALS CLOSE TO GANDHIJI'S TEACHINGS

Premier Kher Hopes Atom Bomb Will Be Forgotten

BOMBAY, Monday.

THE clearly articulated aims and ideals of the United Nations Organisation bore a close identity to the teachings of Mahatma Gandhi, declared Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, speaking at the United Nations Day celebrations, held under the auspices of the Indian Institute for Education and Cultural Co-operation, at the Convocation Hall this evening.

The Premier said that in the world of today the forces of materialism and spiritualism were at the cross-roads. For the time being it looked as if materialism had scored a triumph over spiritualism. Fortunately, Gandhiji had most eloquently preached and proved that man was essentially a spiritual being, that he flourished best in the moral and the spiritual realm and most positively perished both body and soul, in the atmosphere of hatred and gun-powder smoke.

MORE VITAL SPHERES

Mr. Kher was glad to note that the aims of the UN were being worked in practice on the level of international collaboration and action, not merely in the political, but also in other spheres that were equally important and certainly more vital.

Declaring that India has a very important role to play in the affairs of the UN, Mr. Kher said that significantly enough, both the U.S. and other delegates to the UN at Lake Success have underlined and appreciated India's efforts in furthering the aims of international peace and amity.

"More than the settlement of international disputes through the UN, its aims of eradication of their causes in terms of living conditions throughout the world are calculated to establish a reign of real and permanent peace based on the happiness and contentment of ailing humanity. Therefore, the work of the UN agencies that are today engaged in evolving various schemes and working them out with the help of international co-operation is as important as, if not more, its work on the political side", the Premier continued.

ENCOURAGING STEP

He said: "The strategic aim of the UN has to be prevention of conflicts, armed or ideological or even spiritual. I am happy to state that the past one year has established greater unanimity of outlook among the members of the UN. Of course, the atmosphere of the world cannot be said to be wholly free from suspicion, distrust and conflict, but even a small step in the direction of this psychological change is very significant and encouraging."

Praising "the humanitarian work" that was being done by the UN, Mr. Kher struck an optimistic note that the time would come when "all our troubles would disappear progressively and the world would at last know, prize and taste the sweet fruit of peace."

"We can all help the nations of the world by imbibing the ideals of the UN in our personal daily lives. It is the common man and the individual who ultimately shapes the destiny of nations and the individual, when he imbibes the ideals and example of good-neighbourliness and love towards his neighbour and the community in which lives, really becomes in part the architect of international peace", he observed.

Mr. Kher concluded, "We pray that the Atom Bomb will go into the limbo of forgotten things or be material only for fables and stories and no longer remain on the programme of nations."

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS
NEW YORK COTTON DECEMBER

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.

Previous closing	29.68
Today's opening	29.69
Difference	+1
Today's closing	29.69
Difference	+1

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, October 24.

Gold and Silver Market was closed today.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, October 24.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted, General Motors 65-1/4.

United States Steel 24-1/4.

United States Steel Preference 134-3/4.

INDORE SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE CITY, October 24.

Today's closing quotations on Indore Stock Exchange were as follows:

Indore Malwa 126, Sukamchand Mill 516, Bhandarimill 661, Vinod Mill 355, Kalyanmal Mill 82, Kalyanmal pref. 90, Rajkumar Mill 144, Indore Bank 62.

REFUGEE FAST

(Continued from page 1)

dominion meeting to resolve the dispute but the Pakistn authorities did not agree. On the other hand, the Pakistan Government presented India" with a lengthy cargesheet regarding the alleged ill-treatment of Muslim Kashmir refugees in Indian camps."

The following details were available in official sources today in regard to the comparative treatment of the non-Muslim Kashmir refugees in Lahore and of their Muslim counter parts in India.

Refugees in Jullundur camp numbering nearly 400 are being provided with food rations by the Indian Government. The scale of rations for these Muslim refugees is the same as that given to Hindu and Sikh refugees in camps all over India. On the other hand, no rations are being provided by the Pakistan Government to the inmates of D.A.V. College Refugees Camp, Lahore.

A few months back, the contract for providing the necessary rations to refugees in the Lahore Camp was given to a businessman, but the arrangement collapsed shortly afterwards on account of non-payment of bills by Pakistan authorities "on one pretext or the other." At present the inmates of the camp are being fed at the instance of the Deputy Commissioner, Lahore, through private cash purchases by camp authorities. All bills presented by the latter to the Accountant General, West Punjab through the Deputy Commissioner, Lahore, in respect of foodgrains provided to refugees, have remained upaid since June 1949.

It is alleged that the Refugee Commissioner, Lahore, has failed to regularise the supplies of foodgrains to these refugees.

City Corporation: Week By Week

(Continued from page 4)

nouncing by a single poster that they have put up a candidate and his symbol is cycle. They are making better use of press publicity and a fairly lengthy appeal telling the voters why they should vote Congress has appeared in the Marathi press that matters more in the Ward. The Socialists appear to depend more on visual propaganda and the word of mouth.

The Socialists, it appears are also making use of the sugar scarcity for election purposes. In a Marathi leaflet that I came across the Congress Government is blamed for its wrong economic policy which it is said has led to this muddle. There is also reference to the fact that the majority party in the corporation defeated the Socialist demand for introduction of sugar rationing and importing sugar from foreign countries to tide over the present crisis.

LAST POLL

Last month the overall poll in all the four wards was a little over 30 per cent. In Love Grove by itself it was just 25 per cent. It remains to be seen what height the workers reach this time. The difficulty of there being no holiday is there and besides there is a likelihood that quite a large number of workers, who might have gone to their native places during the Divali holidays may not return in time to use their right to vote. Much will depend on the size of the poll. A heavy poll is more likely to help the Socialists and they are exerting a great deal to see that it proves to be a Big Poll Congress circles also appears to be confident.

It is too difficult to hazard a guess about the possible result. Last month the difference between the Socialist vote and the Congress vote in the Ward was not very big. Then again it was a four cornered contest. It is difficult to forecast with any degree of certainty as to which side will win, but it will not be incorrect to say that with the victory scored last month and the general feeling among the workers in the area the Socialists stand a better chance than the Congress.

KHER'S ENCOMIUM FOR FOUR INDIANS

(Continued from Page 1)

versatile—delicate sarcasm and humour distinguished his writing. He mastered the stage-craft and his Marathi plays mark a regeneration of Marathi drama and were extremely popular....He has left behind him a great inspiration of service of his people. By his death I lost a personal friend and a guide."

SYED ABDULLA BRELVI

"The name of Syed Abdulla Brelvi evokes in our midst memories of the Home Rule movement which grew up with great vigour into the powerful nation-wide Congress movement of freedom with the use of civil disobedience under the leadership of Mahatma Ganchi. They are memories of a great patriotic struggle of the crusading spirit, hard work, loyalty and devotion to a great cause. Brelvi plunged himself into this work and soon distinguished himself as a man of great sincerity, integrity and charm of personality. He was utterly free from communal prejudice and looked upon all men as equals.

"Associated with "The Bombay Chronicle" which as we all know, the late Phirozeshah Mehta founded to serve and promote the cause of national freedom, Brelvi's name is linked with that paper. Realising that journalism, under conditions under which the country lived, meant a lofty and valuable mission, he devoted himself to the task of fashioning a powerful instrument of newspaper publicity and pressing it in the service of the nation's cause of unity and freedom.

"Brelvi showed great intelligence, rare devotion to duty and regard for truth and a humanity that was touching. His exterior of gentleness and charm of manner did not bring out the full measure of his strength of character. A man with an enlighted mind tolerance and respect for the views and weaknesses of his opponents he never compromised on any issue of vital principle. He was a man who could be trusted to live and die for his ideals and beliefs. Like all men of his generation and epoch, he was a man of action and had to exchange his editorial chair for the political prisoner's cell. But he soon realized that he could serve more usefully as a newspaperman.

"He set up a great tradition of public service as the creed of the nation's newspapers and influenced his own and the younger generations that came under his influence....

A GENEROUS HEART

"In serving the city in various capacities, he always created an atmosphere of harmony, cheerful optimism and courage in the face of difficulties. He possessed a generous heart gave money freely and he extended to his worst enemy courtesy and consideration which bore witness to his high mental & spiritual refinement and culture. The loss of such a man is not easily made up but he, too, in his death, has left behind an inspiration for the others and we can best honour his memory by honouring and serving the high ideals which he personified.

B. G. HORNIMAN

"B. G. Horniman is one of those foreigners who like Annie Besant, Andrews and others were destined to adopt this country as their own to give their best to her and to work and die in the task of promoting her interests.

"The late Phizozeshah Mehta selected Mr. Horniman as editor for his paper "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE" and he soon justified the selection by turning the paper into an instrument of powerful propaganda for the freedom movement. It was natural that he should immediately come into conflict with his own countrymen who particularly resented that a member of the ruling race should sponsor India's "seditionists" movement. But Horniman was not to be daunted and he cheerfully paid the price for it by suffering ostracism to which the sahib subjected him and later on by exile. Those were the days of the full vigour and at times undisguised use of the mailed first of British imperialistc rule climaxed to the horrow of the Jallianwala Bagh massacre ...

"Horniman was closely associated with the Home Rule movement and participated in all political and civic activities in the city's life during the time he lived here. He suffered exile and neglect and lived through misfortune with admirable fortitude. Hoplessly unpractical in private life he remains one of the heroic spirits who served our country and people with such touching love and devotion.

K. F. NARIMAN

"Very few men possess the long record of service to Bombay City than K. F. Nariman did. I had the privilege of knowing him since our college days. He sprang into well deserved fame when he figured in the famous Harvey-Nariman case which reminds us of the times when Nariman faced prosecution for defamation by one of the British engineers connected with the Backbay Reclamation scheme and development programme..

"Nariman who was a brilliant and succesful lawyer, made great sacri- would have become the first Premier in the pursuit of his patriotic and civic activities. He preferred the service of the citizens of Bombay to money-making and devoted his intellect, experience and capacity for organisation to the task he imposed on himself of serving the city and maintaining the city's position as a premier city of India.

"It would be an act of gross ingratitude if we failed to honour Nariman's memory—he had a very frank disposition and was a fearless opponent. His end came very suddenly and unexpectedly. But for the strange and unpredictable vicissitudes of political life which involves strife, rivalry and struggle of all types, Nariman who have become the first Premier of Bombay when Congress came to power in 1937. It is a singular tribute to his large-hearted and generous nature that throughout the last twelve years our personal and political relations were entirely cordial and friendly With a sad heart I pay this tribute to his memory and to the memory of Khadilkar. Brelvi and Horniman a penatly which age has to pay for surviving dear and departed friends."

MAYOR'S TRIBUTE

Moving the condolence resolution, the Mayor said that Messrs Brelvi, Horniman, Khadilkar and Nariman were great and illustrious citizens of Bombay The former three as eminent journalists, through their mighty pen roused public opinion and fought for India's freedom Mr Brelvi was a staunch nationalist Muslim leader and was associated with the most important phases of country's freedom struggle Mr Horniman's courageous writings on behalf of India won the admiration of every Indian heart. The Mayor said that he had the good fortune to work with both of them as journalist and found them always ready to take up the cause of oppressed people

Speaking about Mr Khadilkar, Mr Patil said, that he was a distinguished man of letters in Marathi and his contribution to its literature would live for a long time to come. He fought many a battle in the political field through his paper "Navakal"

Referring to Mr. Nariman's services to the country in general and Bombay in particular, the Mayor said, that he was a great citizen of Bombay who served its people wholeheartedly He achieved his greatest renown in what has come to be known as the Harvey-Nariman case. He was a political leader of India and was also the Mayor of Bombay and President of the B.P. C.C for a long time.

The condolence resolution was supported by Mr. M. R. Masani, who paid tributes to all the three top ranking Editors and Mr. Nariman and made an appeal to Indian youth to follow their examples.

Mr. M N. Cama, Managing Director of "The Bombay Chronicle", group of papers seconding the resolution said that he was closely associated with Mr Brelvi and Mr Horniman Mr. Brelvi was a man of very peaceful nature and worked hard for the uplift of his countrymen In his death, Mr. Cama said, we lost one of his best friends Mr. Horniman was a fearless editor and through his mighty pen, created a strong public opinion in the country in the earlier days of freedom struggle It was a misfortune, the speaker said, that both of them were not with them when their services were greatly needed in the critical time through which the country was passing today Mr Cama also paid tributes to Mr Nariman and to Mr Khadilkar.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir paying tributes to Mr Nariman's services to Bombay citizen narrated the Harvey-Nariman case in connection with the Backbay Reclamation Scheme This case won for Mr. Nariman greatest admiration of every citizen and he soon became their beloved leader He was an uncowned king of Bombay for some time and was a very popular Mayor of the city

By another resolution the meeting conveyed its deep sympathy to the families of the deceased in their great bereavement The resolution was proposed by Mr G L. Mehta and seconded by Madame Sofia Wadia and Sarimati Maniben Kara.

AN UNSCHEDULED WELCOME

Toronto Citizens Mob Pandit Nehru

OTTAWA, Oct. 24. (PTI).

Pandit Nehru received an outside-the-schedule welcome from 2,000 Canadians and Indians at Toronto's airport of Malton when he was on his way from Niagara Falls to Ottawa.

Toronto is Canada's biggest industrial city and it has all the foreign trade missions including that of India.

Pandit Nehru and party were at Malton airport for about three-quarters of an hour. Although a reception at Toronto was not part of Pandit Nehru's programme in Canada, local residents led by the Mayor of the town, President of Toronto University, Mr. Sydney Smith, businessmen and educationists joined hands with the Indian community in giving Pandit Nehru a welcome.

Both the Prime Minister and Mrs. Pandit spoke briefly in response to a request from the reception committee that Toronto should be included in the tour programme and that if that was not possible Pandit Nehru should pay a second visit.

Pandit Nehru thanked the committee for their welcome and expressed regret that as his programme was already fixed it could not be changed.

As regards the request that he should pay a visit to Toronto at some time in the future, Pandit Nehru said, "I hope so".

Address To Canadian Parliament

(Continued from page 1)

well pay heed to this example," the Prime Minister said.

Stressing the communion of thought between Indian and Canada, Pandit Nehru said: "In international affairs our objectives are similar, and we have found no difficulty thus far in co-operating for the achievement of these aims.

"I am here to assure the Government and people of Canada of our earnest desire to work for these ends in co-operation with them. The differences that have existed in our minds about East and West have little substance today and we are all partners in the same great undertaking."

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1965

DIWALI TAKES ITS TOLL

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 24 (U.P.I.): A number of deaths, and about 350 arrests were the off-shoots of a hectic celebration of diwali by the inhabitants of Ahmedabad.

The arests were made because of the violation of gambling and drinking laws. A girl aged 16 died as a result of burns when her garments caught fire from a burning candle. A whole family, was burnt to death when a bus caught fire while its carburretor was being cleaned with petrol by the driver.

Sovereignty For Indonesia

TRANSFER FIXED FOR DEC. 28

BATAVIA, Oct. 24 (PTI-Reuter): Sovereignty will be transferred to a free independent United States of Indonesia on December 28, according to informed Republican sources in Batavia.

Exchanges have been taking place between Republican and Dutch authorities on the exact date suitable to both parties.

A Dutch spokesman told foreign journalists that in these exchanges the Dutch had suggested some time in the second half of December for the transfer of sovereignty.

The Sultan of Jogjakarta also referred to this date today at the Republican capital. Reading out a Government statement to a Working Committee of the provisional Republican Parliament, the Sultan, who is Deputy Premier, said: "The round table conference at the Hague is to be concluded on the first of November. Transfer of sovereignty is expected to take place in December".

The Sultan, explaining the progress of the round table conference to the Working Committee, said the Republican delegation at the Hague had "never exceeded the mandate given to it by the Government".

The Republican Government still stuck, he said, to the original aim of the round table conference; acceleration of full transfer of sovereignty before January 1940 and to find a basis for voluntary co-operation between the future United States of Indonesia and the Netherlands.

CLASH WITH POLICE

One Killed And Two Injured

AMBALA, Oct. 24 (P.T.I.): One person was killed and two police constables were injured in a clash last week-end between police and villagers in Phule Majra, five miles from here. Seven villagers are reported to have been taken into custody.

The clash took place when the police party, led by a sub-Inspector, went to execute a warrant of arrest. A group of villagers are alleged to have attacked the police. The Sub-Inspector opened revolver fire killing one villager. One of the constable broke his arm. A magisterial enquiry was held into the incident, it was understood.

Rural Industrialisation: Mysore To Experiment

BANGALORE, Oct. 24. (UPI): The Mysore Government have it is learnt, decided to implement the rural industrialisation scheme as envisaged by Sir M. Vishveshwarayya.

The scheme will first be introduced as an experimental measure in Bangalore and Kolar Districts at a cost of Rs. 2.5 lakhs.

With a view to increasing the per capita income and achieving self-help, a self-sufficiency programme will be put into effect in Bangalore and Kolar Districts which according to the scheme will be divided into 101 and 90 centres respectively. The State Government will contribute Rs 1,500 to each centre and every family in the Centre will have to pay a subscription of annas eight towards implementing the scheme.

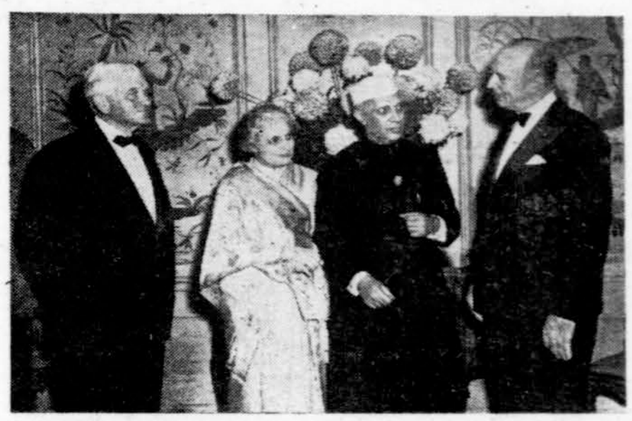
Extension of the scheme to other areas will depend upon its success in these districts.

NEHRU VISITS ROO SEVELT ESTATE

Nehru stands beside the grave of the late President Roosevelt. The grave stone does not show in photo. With him are Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, who stands immediately beside him; then Nehru's sister, Madam Vijayalakshmi Pandit, and his daughter, Indira Gandhi.

Indian Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is shown with Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, left, widow of President Fraiklin D. Roosevelt, and Nehru's siter Madam Vijayalakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador to the United States, at Hyde Park, N. Y. Nehru laid a wreath of white chrysanthemums on F. D. R.'s grave.

WITH BUSINESS MAGNATES



At the Waldorf Astoria Hotel at a dinner given in honour of the Prime Minister of India by the National Foreign Trade Council and the Far East America Council of Commerce and Industry are L. to R. Eugene P. Thomas, Mme. Vijayalakshmi, Prime Minister Nehru and Arthur B. Foye.

Shown at a reception given by Madame Pandit at the Waldorf-Astoria are (left to right) Pearl S. Buck; her husband, Richard J. Walsh, Publisher and member of the Board of Governors of the India League of America; Loy Henderson, U. S. Ambassador to India; and Madame Pandit.

GODSE PREFERS THE GALLOWS

Declines To Plead For Mercy

NEW DELHI, Oct. 24, (UP.I.):

NATHURAM VINAYAK GODSE has disappeared of any attempt being made by anybody to move mercy petitions to the Governor-General of India with the object of preventing execution of the death sentence passed on him in connection with the Gandhi Murder Case.

In a letter to his counsel, Mr. Ganpat Rai, written from the Ambala Central Jail, dated October 23, Nathuram Godse says: "If at all you can do anything, then request the Government to come to the final conclusion at an early date. This matter should not be kept pending any longer. So far we have not received the warrants. And we are very anxious to end this affair one way or the other. Between the present life in the cells and the gallows, the gallows is the mercy."

Relevant extracts from Nathuram Godse's letter to Mr. Ganpat Rai are given below:—

"So far as your suggestion of carrying the matters any further, I am sorry to say that I do not agree to it. So far you have tried your level best and it is really extremely good of you that you are still prepared to help us in legal affairs. But now a stage has come, where we must keep the matters as they are:

"We are well, physically and mentally. And it is good for us to meet the end so long as we are not broken and have not lost our courage. Between the present life in the cells and the gallows, the gallows is the mercy."

D. Apte another condemned prisoner has, however, stated that he is going to submit his mercy petition as soon as the "black warrant" is received. The petition, he says, will be "very short and formal"

REJECTION OF GODSE'S APPEAL

Official Information Received

The solicitors to the Government of India received today official intimation of the rejection by the Privy Council in London of the petitions for leave to appeal filed by Nathuram Godse and Narayan Apte, condemned to death in the Gandhi Murder Case, it was learnt from Home Ministry sources.

The papers concerning the rejecting of the appeal it is stated, will now be forwarded to Mr. S. S. Dulat, at present Judge of the Special Court set up to try the accused in the Gandhi Murder Case, so that he can issue the warrants for the execution of the death sentences. Mr. Dulat succedded on August 10 this year the Special Judge, Mr. Atma Charan who tried Godse and the other accused in the case.

According to procedure, an interval of 21 days is allowed before the issue of a warrant for execution of a death sentence and the carrying out of the sentence.

Any recommendation to the Governor-General in the exercise of his prerogative regarding the commutation of death sentences lies with the Home Ministry.

Rural Education Seminar

NEW DELHI, Oct. 24, (PTI): Representatives from eighteen Asian countries will take part in a seminar of Asian countries on rural adult education to be held in Mysore City from November 2.

The conference, which will be held for six weeks and end on December 14, will be inaugurated by Maulana Azad, Education Minister.

The seminar is being convened under the auspices of UNESCO. Pandit Nehru is expected to attend the conference towards its closing stages.

Hyderabad Police

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 24 (U.P.I.): The Hyderabad have invited young men of the majority community to fill 4,000 vacancies in the constabulary of the State, according to a press note issued today.

Sequel To Raid On Cotton Assn.

AGREEMENT WITH GOVERNMENT

BOMBAY, Monday.

A sequel to the sensational raids carried on by the Bombay C.I.D. in the trading room of the East India Cotton Association, Kalbadevi, Bombay, a few weeks ago, is that the Government of Bombay and the authorities of the Association have now come to an agreement whereby, an arrangement satisfactory to both parties—government and the Association is learnt to have been made.

The arrangement now arrived at is that those members who have entered into transactions of new crops without necessary government permission will have to settle their differences through a special clearing. Those members who have suffered losses will have to pay in full their responsibilities to the clearing house, while those who have earned profits will not receive them as under the agreement arrived at.

These profits which are expected to range from Rs. 15 to Rs. 25 lakhs, it is learnt, will be taken as penalty and will be used in consultation with the Bombay. Government and the Association, for charitable purposes. The books seized during the raid have been returned.

Qayum Khan Unhappy

PESHAWAR, Oct. 24, (PTI-Reuter): India's election to the Security Council was attacked by the Premier of the Frontier Province, Khan Abdul Qayum Khan, at a public meeting at a village ten miles from Peshawar as an event which "lowered the prestige of the United Nations".

Khan Abdul Qayum Khan alleged that an "aggressor country" had become a judge. He said India had not accepted "a decision of the United Nations Commission on Kashmir set up by the Security Council".

No Moharrum Processions

CALCUTTA, Oct. 24, (PTI): A decision not to bring out any Moharrum procession in Calcutta hereafter was taken yesterday at a meeting, attended by among others, about 250 sardars (leaders) of different mohallas (areas) in Calcutta, Howrah and suburbs. Sheikh Mohammad Jan, ex-MLC presided.

VINDHYA P.C.C. TO BOYCOTT ELECTIONS

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 24 (UPI): The Working Committee of the Vindhya Provincial Congress Committee has decided not to contest the forthcoming elections of four representatives from the Vindhya Pradesh to the Constituent Assembly.

The nominations of the intending contestants will be submitted on October 25, and the elections will be held on October 26.

While arriving at the decision to boycott the ensuing elections, the Congressmen have opined that the electoral college is defective. They feel that Congressmen have been ignored and they have not been given weightage and preferential treatment.

CUT COST OF SUGAR PRODUCTION

Tariff Board Member's Warning

MADRAS, Oct. 24. (PTI): Dr. B. V. Narayanswamy Naidu, member of the Indian Tariff Board, tonight used manufacturers to reduce the cost of sugar production by improving technique so that the commodity could be available to the consumer at cheaper rates. It would not be prossible for Government to be extending the period of protection to the industry year after year, he said.

Dr. Naidu told the Andhra Chamber of Commerce that while the landed prices of Cuban and Brazil sugar stood at Rs. 11|8 and 17|8 respectively, locally manufactured sugar was sold at prices ranging between Rs. 30 and Rs. 35 per maund. The reason for the difference in prices was primarily attributable to non-adoption of up-to-date technique which would result in greater production of sugar at lesser cost.

Dutch Pay Republican Army

BATAVIA, Oct. 24 (P.T.I.-Reuter): A Dutch official spokesman, Dr. P. J. Coutts, disclosed today that the Dutch Government was paying the Indonesian Republican Army 600,000 guilda day with effect from October 1, to enable the army to stop living off the land, and as a contribution towards the internal stability of Java and Sumatra.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

GUILTY of murder, one careless thrower of banana skins.

Abettors of the crime, all those who are given to anti-civic ways, who act on the assumption that the world is their waste-paper basket.

Bajirao Shravan, 60, slipped on a plantain-skin on August 21. Two months later, he died of his injuries in hospital. The interval was too long for the connection to be traced between the victim and the person who unknowingly but not innocently caused his doom. And there is no way of finding out who did it, for banana-skin throwers are plentiful in this City.

It is surprising how little care is required and how little we care to show it. After all, there is not much effort required in disposing of banana skins, orange peels and other "yellow perils of the pavement." In fact, all it calls for is a little restraint. If I might go further into the cause, I should say that it arises from our bad habit of eating at all odd hours. If we did not eat bananas on the road whilst we are walking, we would not be under the necessity of throwing away the skins. Odd-time eating is a sin to which I myself must plead guilty — but, extenuating circumstance, not bananas. But I know it is all wrong and that I would be better if I desisted. However, after some observation of my fellows, I have decided that it is a national failing and must be nationally corrected.

I know that I shall be dubbed "anti-national" and an enemy of the people. But who suffers from the thoughtlessness of the banana eater? Of course, the people. Occasionally you read of some big man slipping on something on the pavement — it is news not because he slipped but because it was he who slipped. Mostly the great do not slip except when they get out of their cars. But we slip often and calamitously and it is only when death strikes that it is news. For every Bhajirao Sharvan, there are thousands who get shaken up and morally, mentally and physically jolted by the banana slide. It might be argued that motorists do not throw banana skins out of their fleeting cars. But I wonder.

Something must be done to stop this menace. A gentleman walked in limping the other day to this office. We sympathised. Sympathy is a quality found in abundance in newspaper offices. And we tried to get rid of him before he could start telling us his story. But he fixed us with his glittering eye and told us He had slipped on a banana skin. We rubbed him down, gave him tea and more sympathy and went about our other work. Next day he was back again, limping twice as bad. He had a slipped again on the same banana skin. My Junior Colleague is a man of inspiration. He advanced menacingly on the Injured One. "What", he shouted, "a second time? Do you know you are a disgrace to the community? When you slipped the first time, you should have first removed the banana-skin to a nearby dust-bin and then got up. This is retribution." The point was well taken. And you need not fall first before rendering what essentially is a service to yourself.

A word to the wise is enough. For the unwise? The banana-skin.

NO U. N. ACTION ON CHINA

Nationalist Move Cold-Shouldered

BUFFALO, Oct. 24. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Warren Austin, United States representative to the United Nations, said in a speech here that the United States would not press for any forceful United Nations action on China.

Referring to the resolution introduced in the Assembly by the Chinese Nationalits accusing Russia with violating her treaty of friendship by aiding the Chinese Communists, Mr. Austin said that the Assembly would have great difficulty in dealing with the question.

Reds Take Town Near Macao

HONG KONG, Oct. 24. (PTI-Reuter): General Chen Chen-Ken's Communist troops have occupied Kongmoon, 40 miles north-west of the Portuguese colony of Macao, press reports said today.

The reports said this force had branched off to Chungshan where Nationalist forces were said to be evacuating the main town of Shekki, 25 miles from Macao. Communists were expected to enter it in the next few days.

While Nationalist forces in Chungking claimed minor victories in the fighting on the approaches to Szechwan province, left-wing press reports here said Communist troops in Hunan were advancing on Lungshan, about 170 miles east of Chungking.

Communist forces in South Shensi were reported to be 320 miles north of Chungking.

MUTT AND JEFF—And Butch Won't Count For Anybody But Jeff — By BUD FISHER

BUTCH IS A REAL SMART DOG, MUTT! WHY, HE CAN COUNT UP TO TEN!
I DONT BELIEVE IT!
BUTCH-COUNT TO ONE!
WOOF!
TWO!
WOOF! WOOF!
NOW COUNT TO THREE!
WOOF! WOOF! WOOF!
SEE MUTT? I TOLD YA!
BUT I THOUGHT YOU SAID HE COULD COUNT TO TEN?
HE CAN! BUT I CAN ONLY COUNT TO THREE!

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